KONGU ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)

PERUNDURAI ERODE – 638 060

TAMILNADU INDIA



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REGULATIONS, CURRICULUM & SYLLABI - 2020

(CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM AND OUTCOME BASED EDUCATION)

(For the students admitted during 2020 - 2021 and onwards)

MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY DEGREE IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY



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KONGU ENGINEERING COLLEGE PERUNDURAI ERODE – 638 060 (Autonomous)

INSTITUTE VISION

To be a centre of excellence for development and dissemination of knowledge in Applied Sciences, Technology, Engineering and Management for the Nation and beyond.

INSTITUTE MISSION

We are committed to value based Education, Research and Consultancy in Engineering and Management and to bring out technically competent, ethically strong and quality professionals to keep our Nation ahead in the competitive knowledge intensive world.

QUALITY POLICY

We are committed to

- Provide value based quality education for the development of students as competent and responsible citizens.
- Contribute to the nation and beyond through research and development
- Continuously improve our services

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

VISION

To be a centre of excellence for development and dissemination of knowledge in Information Technology for the Nation and beyond.

	MISSION					
Departn	nent of Information Technology is committed to:					
MS1:	To transform the students into innovative, competent and high quality IT professionals to meet					
	the growing global chanenges					
MS2:	To impart value-based IT education to the students and enrich their knowledge					
MS3:	To endeavour for continuous upgradation of technical expertise of students to cater to the needs of the society					
MS4:	To achieve an effective interaction with industry for mutual benefits					
	PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)					
Post Gr	aduates of Information Technology will					
PEO1:	Work on need based research in different domains relevant to Information Technology and carry					
	out research projects of national and social relevance					
PEO2:	Provide problem solving capability through IT tools and techniques with adequate hands on					
	experience to meet industry/ societal needs					
PEO3:	Create, apply and disseminate cognitive ideas related to IT field and advance in their profession					

MS\PEO	PEO1	PEO2	PEO3	PEO4
MS1	3	2	3	2
MS2	2	3	2	3
MS3	2	2	3	2
MS4	1	3	3	2

MAPPING OF MISSION STATEMENTS (MS) WITH PEOs

1 -Slight, 2 -Moderate, 3 -Substantial

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)				
M.Tec	h(Information Technology) Graduates will be able to:				
PO1:	Carry out research /investigation and development work independently to solve real world problems in the field of information technology				
PO2:	Write and present a substantial technical report on their own research findings				
PO3:	Apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and computer science/technology to analyze, evaluate, model and integrate technologies for the upcoming issues in the field of Information and Communication Technologies				
PO4:	Transfer technology efficiently on engineering needs within engineering community and with society at large, by being able to comprehend and develop presentations and software tools				
PO5:	Identify contemporary issues in providing technology solutions for sustainable development considering impact on economic, social, political, and global issues and thereby contribute to the welfare of the society				
PO6:	Demonstrate independent learning and erudition by adopting research mission				

MAPPING OF PEOs WITH POs

PEOs\POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
PEO1	3		2	3	3	
PEO2			2	2	3	1
PEO3	2	2	3	3		
1 Climber 2	Ма	danata	2	Cultate	1	

1 - Slight, 2 - Moderate, 3 - Substantial

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KONGU ENGINEERING COLLEGE, PERUNDURAI, ERODE - 638060

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Anna University)

REGULATIONS 2020

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM AND OUTCOME BASED EDUCATION

MASTER OF ENGINEERING (ME) / MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY (MTech) DEGREE PROGRAMMES

These regulations are applicable to all candidates admitted into ME/MTech Degree programmes from the academic year 2020 – 2021 onwards.

1. DEFINITIONS AND NOMENCLATURE

In these Regulations, unless otherwise specified:

- i. "University" means ANNA UNIVERSITY, Chennai.
- ii. "College" means KONGU ENGINEERING COLLEGE.
- iii. "Programme" means Master of Engineering (ME) / Master of Technology (MTech) Degree programme
- iv. "Branch" means specialization or discipline of ME/MTech Degree programme, like Construction Engineering and Management, Information Technology, etc.
- v. "Course" means a Theory / Theory cum Practical / Practical course that is normally studied in a semester like Engineering Design Methodology, Machine Learning Techniques, etc.
- vi. "Credit" means a numerical value allocated to each course to describe the candidate's workload required per week.
- vii. "Grade" means the letter grade assigned to each course based on the marks range specified.
- viii. "Grade point" means a numerical value (0 to 10) allocated based on the grade assigned to each course.
- ix. "Principal" means Chairman, Academic Council of the College.
- x. "Controller of Examinations" means authorized person who is responsible for all examination related activities of the College.

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xi. "Head of the Department" means Head of the Department concerned of the College.

2. PROGRAMMES AND BRANCHES OF STUDY

The following programmes and branches of study approved by Anna University, Chennai and All India Council for Technical Education, New Delhi are offered by the College.

Programme	Branch					
	Construction Engineering and Management					
	Structural Engineering					
	Engineering Design					
	Mechatronics Engineering					
ME	VLSI Design					
	Embedded Systems					
	Power Electronics and Drives					
	Control and Instrumentation Engineering					
	Computer Science and Engineering					
	Information Technology					
MTech	Chemical Engineering					
	Food Technology					

3. ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Candidates seeking admission to the first semester of the ME/MTech Degree programme shall be required to have passed an appropriate qualifying Degree Examination of Anna University or any examination of any other University or authority accepted by the Anna University, Chennai as equivalent thereto, subject to amendments as may be made by the Anna University, Chennai from time to time. The candidates shall also be required to satisfy all other conditions of admission prescribed by the Anna University, Chennai and Directorate of Technical Education, Chennai from time to time.

4. STRUCTURE OF PROGRAMMES

4.1 Categorisation of Courses

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The ME / MTech programme shall have a curriculum with syllabi comprising of theory, theory cum practical, practical courses in each semester and project work, internship,etc that have been approved by the respective Board of Studies and Academic Council of the College. All the programmes have well defined Programme Outcomes (PO) and Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs) as per Outcome Based Education (OBE). The content of each course is designed based on the Course Outcomes (CO). The courses shall be categorized as follows:

- i. Foundation Courses (FC)
- ii. Professional Core (PC) Courses
- iii. Professional Elective (PE) Courses
- iv. Open Elective (OE) Courses
- v. Employability Enhancement Courses (EC) like Innovative Project, Internship cum Project work in Industry or elsewhere, Project Work

4.2 Credit Assignment

Each course is assigned certain number of credits as follows:

Contact period per week	Credits
1 Lecture / Tutorial Period	1
2 Practical Periods	1
2 Project Work Periods	1
40 Training /Internship Periods	1

The minimum number of credits to complete the ME/MTech programme is 72.

4.3 Employability Enhancement Courses

A candidate shall be offered with the employability enhancement courses like innovative project, internship cum project work and project work during the programme to gain/exhibit the knowledge/skills.

4.3.1 Innovative Project

A candidate shall earn two credits by successfully completing the project by using his/her innovations in second semester during his/her programme.

4.3.2 Internship cum Project Work

The curriculum enables a candidate to go for full time internship during the third semester and can earn credits through it for his/her academics vide clause 7.6 and clause 7.12. Such candidate shall earn the minimum number of credits as mentioned in the third semester of the curriculum other than internship by either fast track mode or through approved courses in online mode or by self study mode. Such candidate can earn the number of credits for the internship same as that of Project Work in the third semester. Assessment procedure is to be followed as specified in the guidelines approved by the Academic Council.

4.3.4 Project Work

A candidate shall earn nine credits by successfully completing the project work in fourth semester during the programme inside the campus or in industries.

4.4 Value Added Courses / Online Courses / Self Study Courses

The candidates may optionally undergo Value Added Courses / Online Courses / Self Study Courses as elective courses.

- **4.4.1 Value Added Courses:** Value Added courses each with One / Two credits shall be offered by the college with the prior approval from respective Board of Studies. A candidate can earn a maximum of three credits through value added courses during the entire duration of the programme.
- **4.4.2 Online Courses:** Candidates may be permitted to earn credits for online courses, offered by NPTEL / SWAYAM / a University / Other Agencies, approved by respective Board of Studies.
- **4.4.3** Self Study Courses: The Department may offer an elective course as a self study course. The syllabus of the course shall be approved by the respective Board of Studies. However, mode of assessment for a self study course will be the same as that used for other courses. The candidates shall study such courses on their own under the guidance of member of the faculty. Self study course is limited to one per semester.
- **4.4.4** The elective courses in the final year may be exempted if a candidate earns the required credits vide clause 4.4.1, 4.4.2 and 4.4.3 by registering the required number of courses in advance (up to second semester).
- **4.4.5** A candidate can earn a maximum of 15 credits through all value added courses, online courses and self study courses.

4.5 Flexibility to Add or Drop Courses

- **4.5.1** A candidate has to earn the total number of credits specified in the curriculum of the respective programme of study in order to be eligible to obtain the degree. However, if the candidate wishes, then the candidate is permitted to earn more than the total number of credits prescribed in the curriculum of the candidate's programme.
- **4.5.2** From the second to fourth semesters the candidates have the option of registering for additional elective/Honors courses or dropping of already registered additional elective/Honors courses within two weeks from the start of the semester. Add / Drop is only an option given to the candidates. Total number of credits of such courses during the entire programme of study cannot exceed six.
- **4.6** Maximum number of credits the candidate can enroll in a particular semester cannot exceed 30 credits.
- **4.7** The blend of different courses shall be so designed that the candidate at the end of the programme would have been trained not only in his / her relevant professional field but also would have developed to become a socially conscious human being.



4.8 The medium of instruction, examinations and project report shall be English.

5. DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

- **5.1** A candidate is normally expected to complete the ME / MTech Degree programme in 4 consecutive semesters (2 Years), but in any case not more than 8 semesters (4 Years).
- **5.2** Each semester shall consist of a minimum of 90 working days including continuous assessment test period. The Head of the Department shall ensure that every teacher imparts instruction as per the number of periods specified in the syllabus for the course being taught.
- **5.3** The total duration for completion of the programme reckoned from the commencement of the first semester to which the candidate was admitted shall not exceed the maximum duration specified in clause 5.1 irrespective of the period of break of study (vide clause 11) or prevention (vide clause 9) in order that the candidate may be eligible for the award of the degree (vide clause 16). Extension beyond the prescribed period shall not be permitted.

6. COURSE REGISTRATION FOR THE EXAMINATION

- **6.1** Registration for the end semester examination is mandatory for courses in the current semester as well as for the arrear courses failing which the candidate will not be permitted to move on to the higher semester. This will not be applicable for the courses which do not have an end semester examination.
- **6.2** The candidates who need to reappear for the courses which have only continuous assessment shall enroll for the same in the subsequent semester, when offered next, and repeat the course. In this case, the candidate shall attend the classes, satisfy the attendance requirements (vide clause 8), earn continuous assessment marks. This will be considered as an attempt for the purpose of classification.
- **6.3** If a candidate is prevented from writing end semester examination of a course due to lack of attendance, the candidate has to attend the classes, when offered next, and fulfill the attendance requirements as per clause 8 and earn continuous assessment marks. If the course, in which the candidate has a lack of attendance, is an elective, the candidate may register for the same or any other elective course in the subsequent semesters and that will be considered as an attempt for the purpose of classification.

7. ASSESSMENT AND EXAMINATION PROCEDURE FOR AWARDING MARKS

7.1 The ME/MTech programmes consist of Theory Courses, Theory cum Practical courses, Practical courses, Innovative Project, Internship cum Project work and Project Work. Performance in each course of study shall be evaluated based on (i) Continuous Assessments (CA) throughout the semester and (ii) End Semester Examination (ESE) at the end of the semester except for the courses which are evaluated based on continuous assessment only. Each course shall be evaluated for a maximum of 100 marks as shown below:

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Sl. No.	Category of Course	Continuous Assessment Marks	End Semester Examination
1.	Theory / Practical	50	50
2.	Theory cum Practical	The distribution of decided based on the assigned to theor components respecti	f marks shall be e credit weightage y and practical vely.
3.	Innovative Project/ Project Work / Internship cum Project Work	50	50
4.	Value Added Course	The distribution of	
5.	All other Courses	marks shall be decided based on the credit the credit weightage assigned	

7.2 Examiners for setting end semester examination question papers for theory courses, theory cum practical courses and practical courses and evaluating end semester examination answer scripts, project works, innovative project and internships shall be appointed by the Controller of Examinations after obtaining approval from the Principal.

7.3 Theory Courses

For all theory courses out of 100 marks, the continuous assessment shall be 50 marks and the end semester examination shall be for 50 marks. However, the end semester examinations shall be conducted for 100 marks and the marks obtained shall be reduced to 50. The continuous assessment tests shall be conducted as per the schedule laid down in the academic schedule. Three tests shall be conducted for 50 marks each and reduced to 30 marks each. The total of the continuous assessment marks and the end semester examination marks shall be rounded off to the nearest integer.

7.3.1 The assessment pattern for awarding continuous assessment marks shall be as follows:

Sl. No.	Туре	Max. Marks	Remarks
	Test – I	30	
1.	Test – II	30	Average o f best two
	Test - III	30	
2.	Tutorial	15	Should be of Open Book/Objective Type. Average of best 4 (or more, depending on the nature of the course, as may be approved by Principal)

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3.	Assignment / Paper Presentation in Conference / Seminar / Comprehension / Activity based learning / Class notes	05	To be assessed by the Course Teacher based on any one type.
	Total	50	Rounded off to the one decimal place

However, the assessment pattern for awarding the continuous assessment marks may be changed based on the nature of the course and is to be approved by the Principal.

- **7.3.2** A reassessment test or tutorial covering the respective test or tutorial portions may be conducted for those candidates who were absent with valid reasons (Sports or any other reason approved by the Principal).
- **7.3.3** The end semester examination for theory courses shall be for duration of three hours.

7.4 Theory cum Practical Courses

For courses involving theory and practical components, the evaluation pattern as per the clause 7.1 shall be followed. Depending on the nature of the course, the end semester examination shall be conducted for theory and the practical components. The apportionment of continuous assessment and end semester examination marks shall be decided based on the credit weightage assigned to theory and practical components approved by Principal.

7.5 Practical Courses

For all practical courses out of 100 marks, the continuous assessment shall be for 50 marks and the end semester examination shall be for 50 marks. Every exercise / experiment shall be evaluated based on the candidate's performance during the practical class and the candidate's records shall be maintained.

7.5.1 The assessment pattern for awarding continuous assessment marks for each course shall be decided by the course coordinator based on rubrics of that particular course, and shall be based on rubrics for each experiment.

7.6 Project Work

- **7.6.1** Project work shall be carried out individually. Candidates can opt for full time internship (vide clause 7.8) in lieu of project work in third semester. The project work is mandatory for all the candidates.
- **7.6.2** The Head of the Department shall constitute review committee for project work. There shall be two assessments by the review committee during the semester. The candidate shall make presentation on the progress made by him/her before the committee.

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7.6.3 The continuous assessment and end semester examination marks for Project Work and the Viva-Voce Examination shall be distributed as below.

Continuous Assessment (Max. 50 Marks)						End Semester Examination (Max. 50 Marks)			
Review IReview IIReview III(Max10 Marks)(Max 20 Marks)(Max 20 Marks)		Report Evaluation (Max. 20 Marks)	Viva - Voce (Max. 30 Marks)						
Rv. Com	Guide	Review Committee (excluding guide)	Guide	Review Committee (excluding guide)	Guide	Ext. Exr.	Guid e	Exr. 1	Exr. 2
5	5	10	10	10	10	20	10	10	10

- **7.6.4** The Project Report prepared according to approved guidelines and duly signed by the Guide and Project Co-ordinator shall be submitted to Head of the Department. A candidate must submit the project report within the specified date as per the academic schedule of the semester. If the project report is not submitted within the specified date then the candidate is deemed to have failed in the Project Work and redo it in the subsequent semester. This applies to both Internship cum Project work and Project work.
- **7.6.5** If a candidate fails to secure 50% of the continuous assessment marks in the project work, he / she shall not be permitted to submit the report for that particular semester and shall have to redo it in the subsequent semester and satisfy attendance requirements.
- **7.6.6** Every candidate shall, based on his/her project work, publish a paper in a reputed journal or reputed conference in which full papers are published after usual review. A copy of the full paper accepted and proof for that shall be produced at the time of evaluation.
- **7.6.7** The project work shall be evaluated based on the project report submitted by the candidate in the respective semester and viva-voce examination by a committee consisting of two examiners and guide of the project work.
- **7.6.8** If a candidate fails to secure 50 % of the end semester examination marks in the project work, he / she shall be required to resubmit the project report within 30 days from the date of declaration of the results and a fresh viva-voce examination shall be conducted as per clause 7.6.7.
- **7.6.9** A copy of the approved project report after the successful completion of viva-voce examination shall be kept in the department library.

7.7 Innovative Project

The evaluation method shall be same as that of the Project Work as per clause 7.6 excluding clause 7.6.6.

7.8 Internship cum Project Work

Each candidate shall submit a brief report about the internship undergone and a certificate issued from the organization concerned at the time of Viva-voce examination to the review committee. The evaluation method shall be same as that of the Project Work as per clause 7.6 excluding 7.6.6.

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7.9 Value Added Course

Two assessments shall be conducted during the value added course duration by the offering department concerned.

7.10 Online Course

The Board of Studies will provide methodology for the evaluation of the online courses. The Board can decide whether to evaluate the online courses through continuous assessment and end semester examination or through end semester examination only. In case of credits earned through online mode from NPTEL / SWAYAM / a University / Other Agencies approved by Chairman, Academic Council, the credits may be transferred and grades shall be assigned accordingly.

7.11 Self Study Course

The member of faculty approved by the Head of the Department shall be responsible for periodic monitoring and evaluation of the course. The course shall be evaluated through continuous assessment and end semester examination. The evaluation methodology shall be the same as that of a theory course.

7.12 Audit Course

A candidate may be permitted to register for specific course not listed in his/her programme curriculum and without undergoing the rigors of getting a 'good' grade, as an Audit course, subject to the following conditions.

The candidate can register only one Audit course in a semester starting from second semester subject to a maximum of two courses during the entire programme of study. Such courses shall be indicated as 'Audit' during the time of Registration itself. Only courses currently offered for credit to the candidates of other branches can be audited.

A course appearing in the curriculum of a candidate cannot be considered as an audit course. However, if a candidate has already met the Professional Elective and Open Elective credit requirements as stipulated in the curriculum, then, a Professional Elective or an Open Elective course listed in the curriculum and not taken by the candidate for credit can be considered as an audit course.

Candidates registering for an audit course shall meet all the assessment and examination requirements (vide clause 7.3) applicable for a credit candidate of that course. Only if the candidate obtains a performance grade, the course will be listed in the semester Grade Sheet and in the Consolidated Grade Sheet along with the grade SF (Satisfactory). Performance grade will not be shown for the audit course.

Since an audit course has no grade points assigned, it will not be counted for the purpose of GPA and CGPA calculations.

8. **REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLETION OF A SEMESTER**

8.1 A candidate who has fulfilled the following conditions shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements for completion of a semester and permitted to appear for the examinations of that semester.

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- **8.1.1** Ideally, every candidate is expected to attend all classes and secure 100 % attendance. However, a candidate shall secure not less than 80 % (after rounding off to the nearest integer) of the overall attendance taking into account the total number of working days in a semester.
- **8.1.2** A candidate who could not satisfy the attendance requirements as per clause 8.1.1 due to medical reasons (hospitalization / accident / specific illness) but has secured not less than 70 % in the current semester may be permitted to appear for the current semester examinations with the approval of the Principal on payment of a condonation fee as may be fixed by the authorities from time to time. The medical certificate needs to be submitted along with the leave application. A candidate can avail this provision only twice during the entire duration of the degree programme.
- **8.1.3** In addition to clause 8.1.1 or 8.1.2, a candidate shall secure not less than 60 % attendance in each course.
- **8.1.4** A candidate shall be deemed to have completed the requirements of study of any semester only if he/she has satisfied the attendance requirements (vide clause 8.1.1 to 8.1.3) and has registered for examination by paying the prescribed fee.
- **8.1.5** Candidate's progress is satisfactory.
- **8.1.6** Candidate's conduct is satisfactory and he/she was not involved in any indisciplined activities in the current semester.
- **8.2.** The candidates who do not complete the semester as per clauses from 8.1.1 to 8.1.6 except 8.1.3 shall not be permitted to appear for the examinations at the end of the semester and not be permitted to go to the next semester. They have to repeat the incomplete semester in next academic year.
- **8.3** The candidates who satisfy the clause 8.1.1 or 8.1.2 but do not complete the course as per clause 8.1.3 shall not be permitted to appear for the end semester examination of that course alone. They have to repeat the incomplete course in the subsequent semester when it is offered next.

9. REQUIREMENTS FOR APPEARING FOR END SEMESTER EXAMINATION

- **9.1** A candidate shall normally be permitted to appear for end semester examination of the current semester if he/she has satisfied the semester completion requirements as per clause 8, and has registered for examination in all courses of that semester. Registration is mandatory for current semester examinations as well as for arrear examinations failing which the candidate shall not be permitted to move on to the higher semester.
- **9.2** When a candidate is deputed for a National / International Sports event during End Semester examination period, supplementary examination shall be conducted for such a candidate on return after participating in the event within a reasonable period of time. Such appearance shall be considered as first appearance.

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9.3 A candidate who has already appeared for a course in a semester and passed the examination is not entitled to reappear in the same course for improvement of letter grades / marks.

10. PROVISION FOR WITHDRAWAL FROM EXAMINATIONS

- **10.1** A candidate may, for valid reasons, be granted permission to withdraw from appearing for the examination in any regular course or all regular courses registered in a particular semester. Application for withdrawal is permitted only once during the entire duration of the degree programme.
- **10.2** The withdrawal application shall be valid only if the candidate is otherwise eligible to write the examination (vide clause 9) and has applied to the Principal for permission prior to the last examination of that semester after duly recommended by the Head of the Department.
- **10.3** The withdrawal shall not be considered as an appearance for deciding the eligibility of a candidate for First Class with Distinction/First Class.
- **10.4** If a candidate withdraws a course or courses from writing end semester examinations, he/she shall register the same in the subsequent semester and write the end semester examinations. A final semester candidate who has withdrawn shall be permitted to appear for supplementary examination to be conducted within reasonable time as per clause 14.
- **10.5** The final semester candidate who has withdrawn from appearing for project viva-voce for genuine reasons shall be permitted to appear for supplementary viva-voce examination within reasonable time with proper application to Controller of Examinations and on payment of prescribed fee.

11. PROVISION FOR BREAK OF STUDY

11.1 A candidate is normally permitted to avail the authorised break of study under valid reasons (such as accident or hospitalization due to prolonged ill health or any other valid reasons) and to rejoin the programme in a later semester. He/She shall apply in advance to the Principal, through the Head of the Department, stating the reasons therefore, in any case, not later than the last date for registering for that semester examination. A candidate is permitted to avail the authorised break of study only once during the entire period of study for a maximum period of one year. However, in extraordinary situation the candidate may apply for additional break of study not exceeding another one year by paying prescribed fee for the break of study.



- **11.2** The candidates permitted to rejoin the programme after break of study / prevention due to lack of attendance shall be governed by the rules and regulations in force at the time of rejoining.
- **11.3** The candidates rejoining in new Regulations shall apply to the Principal in the prescribed format through Head of the Department at the beginning of the readmitted semester itself for prescribing additional/equivalent courses, if any, from any semester of the regulations in-force, so as to bridge the curriculum in-force and the old curriculum.
- **11.4** The total period of completion of the programme reckoned from the commencement of the semester to which the candidate was admitted shall not exceed the maximum period specified in clause 5 irrespective of the period of break of study in order to qualify for the award of the degree.
- **11.5** If any candidate is prevented for want of required attendance, the period of prevention shall not be considered as authorized break of study.
- **11.6** If a candidate has not reported to the college for a period of two consecutive semesters without any intimation, the name of the candidate shall be deleted permanently from the college enrollment. Such candidates are not entitled to seek readmission under any circumstances.

12. PASSING REQUIREMENTS

- **12.1** A candidate who secures not less than 50 % of total marks (continuous assessment and end semester examination put together) prescribed for the course with a minimum of 50 % of the marks prescribed for the end semester examination in all category of courses vide clause 7.1 except for the courses which are evaluated based on continuous assessment only shall be declared to have successfully passed the course in the examination.
- **12.2** A candidate who secures not less than 50 % in continuous assessment marks prescribed for the courses which are evaluated based on continuous assessment only shall be declared to have successfully passed the course. If a candidate secures less than 50% in the continuous assessment marks, he / she shall have to re-enroll for the same in the subsequent semester and satisfy the attendance requirements.
- **12.3** For a candidate who does not satisfy the clause 12.1, the continuous assessment marks secured by the candidate in the first attempt shall be retained and considered valid for subsequent attempts. However, from the fourth attempt onwards the marks scored in the end semester examinations alone shall be considered, in which case the candidate shall secure minimum 50 % marks in the end semester examinations to satisfy the passing requirements, but the grade awarded shall be only the lowest passing grade irrespective of the marks secured.



13. REVALUATION OF ANSWER SCRIPTS

A candidate shall apply for a photocopy of his / her semester examination answer script within a reasonable time from the declaration of results, on payment of a prescribed fee by submitting the proper application to the Controller of Examinations. The answer script shall be pursued and justified jointly by a faculty member who has handled the course and the course coordinator and recommended for revaluation. Based on the recommendation, the candidate can register for revaluation through proper application to the Controller of Examinations. The Controller of Examinations will arrange for revaluation and the results will be intimated to the candidate concerned. Revaluation is permitted only for Theory courses and Theory cum Practical courses where end semester examination is involved.

14. SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

If a candidate fails to clear all courses in the final semester after the announcement of final end semester examination results, he/she shall be allowed to take up supplementary examinations to be conducted within a reasonable time for the courses of final semester alone, so that he/she gets a chance to complete the programme.

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15. AWARD OF LETTER GRADES

Range of % of Total Marks	Letter Grade	Grade Point
91 to 100	O (Outstanding)	10
81 to 90	A+ (Excellent)	9
71 to 80	A (Very Good)	8
61 to 70	B+ (Good)	7
50 to 60	B (Average)	6
Less than 50	RA (Reappear)	0
Satisfactory	SF	0
Withdrawal	W	-
Absent	AB	-
Shortage of Attendance in a course	SA	-

The Grade Point Average (GPA) is calculated using the formula:

 $GPA = \frac{\sum [(course credits) \times (grade points)] \text{ for all courses in the specific semester}}{\sum (course credits) \text{ for all courses in the specific semester}}$

The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is calculated from first semester (third semester for lateral entry candidates) to final semester using the formula

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum [(course credits) \times (grade points)] \text{ for all courses in all the semesters so far}}{\sum (course credits) \text{ for all courses in all the semesters so far}}$$

The GPA and CGPA are computed only for the candidates with a pass in all the courses.

The GPA and CGPA indicate the academic performance of a candidate at the end of a semester and at the end of successive semesters respectively.

A grade sheet for each semester shall be issued containing Grade obtained in each course, GPA and CGPA.

A duplicate copy, if required can be obtained on payment of a prescribed fee and satisfying other procedure requirements.

Withholding of Grades: The grades of a candidate may be withheld if he/she has not cleared his/her dues or if there is a disciplinary case pending against him/her or for any other reason.

16. ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE

A candidate shall be declared to be eligible for the award of the ME / MTech Degree provided the candidate has

i. Successfully completed all the courses under the different categories, as specified in the regulations.

ii. Successfully gained the required number of total credits as specified in the curriculum M.Tech.– Information Technology, Regulations, Curriculum and Syllabus – R2020 Page 18

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corresponding to the candidate's programme within the stipulated time (vide clause 5).

- iii. Successfully passed any additional courses prescribed by the respective Board of Studies whenever readmitted under regulations other than R-2020 (vide clause 11.3)
- iv. No disciplinary action pending against him / her.

17. CLASSIFICATION OF THE DEGREE AWARDED

17.1 First Class with Distinction:

- **17.1.1** A candidate who qualifies for the award of the degree (vide clause 16) and who satisfies the following conditions shall be declared to have passed the examination in First class with Distinction:
 - Should have passed the examination in all the courses of all the four semesters in the **First Appearance** within four consecutive semesters excluding the authorized break of study (vide clause 11) after the commencement of his / her study.
 - Withdrawal from examination (vide clause 10) shall not be considered as an appearance.
 - Should have secured a CGPA of not less than 8.50

(OR)

- **17.1.2** A candidate who joins from other institutions on transfer or a candidate who gets readmitted and has to move from one regulation to another regulation and who qualifies for the award of the degree (vide clause 16) and satisfies the following conditions shall be declared to have passed the examination in First class with Distinction:
 - Should have passed the examination in all the courses of all the four semesters in the **First Appearance** within four consecutive semesters excluding the authorized break of study (vide clause 11) after the commencement of his / her study.
 - Submission of equivalent course list approved by the respective Board of studies.
 - Withdrawal from examination (vide clause 10) shall not be considered as an appearance.
 - Should have secured a CGPA of not less than 9.00



17.2 First Class:

A candidate who qualifies for the award of the degree (vide clause 16) and who satisfies the following conditions shall be declared to have passed the examination in First class:

- Should have passed the examination in all the courses of all four semesters within six consecutive semesters excluding authorized break of study (vide clause 11) after the commencement of his / her study.
- Withdrawal from the examination (vide clause 10) shall not be considered as an appearance.
- Should have secured a CGPA of not less than 7.00

17.3 Second Class:

All other candidates (not covered in clauses 17.1 and 17.2) who qualify for the award of the degree (vide clause 16) shall be declared to have passed the examination in Second Class.

17.4 A candidate who is absent for end semester examination in a course / project work after having registered for the same shall be considered to have appeared for that examination for the purpose of classification.

18. MALPRACTICES IN TESTS AND EXAMINATIONS

If a candidate indulges in malpractice in any of the tests or end semester examinations, he/she shall be liable for punitive action as per the examination rules prescribed by the college from time to time.

19. AMENDMENTS

Notwithstanding anything contained in this manual, the Kongu Engineering College through the Academic council of the Kongu Engineering College, reserves the right to modify/amend without notice, the Regulations, Curricula, Syllabi, Scheme of Examinations, procedures, requirements, and rules pertaining to its ME / MTech programme.

	CURRICULUM BREAKDOWN STRUCTURE									
Summary of C	Summary of Credit Distribution									
Category		Sen	nester		Total number of credits	Curriculum Conte number of credits	nt (% of total of the program)			
Category	Т	Ш	ш	IV						
FC	FC 7 7 9.72									
PC 12 15 - 27 37.50										
PE	3	6	3	6	18	25.00				
EC		2	9	9	20	27.7	8			
Semester wise Total	22	23	12	15	72	100.0	00			
				Categ	lory		Abbreviation			
Lecture hours per week										
Tutorial hours p	т									
Practical, Project	ct work, li	nternship,	Professio	onal Skill	Training, Industrial Training ho	ours per week	Р			
Credits							С			

	CATEGORISATION OF COURSES										
FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)											
S. No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	т	Ρ	С	Sem				
1.	20AMT15	Advanced Mathematics for Computing	3	1	0	4	I				
2.	20GET11	Introduction to Research	2	1	0	3	I				
	Total Credits to be earned 7										

PROFESSIONAL CORE (PC)

S. No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	т	Ρ	С	Sem	Domain/ Stream
1.	20MIT13	Network Design and Technologies	3	1	0	4	I	N/W &S
2.	20MIT14	Data Structures and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3	I	A&P
3.	20MIT15	Advanced Database Technologies	3	0	0	3	I	A&P
4.	20MIL11	Data structures and algorithms Laboratory	0	0	2	1	I	A&P
5.	20MIL12	Database technology Laboratory	0	0	2	1	I	A&P

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6.	20MIT21	Big Data analytics	3	1	0	4	II	CI
7.	20MIT22	Internet of Things	3	1	0	4	II	N/W &S
8.	20MIT23	Machine Learning Techniques	3	0	0	3	П	CI
9.	20MIT24	Modern Operating Systems	3	0	0	3	П	A&P
10.	20MIL21	Machine Learning Laboratory	0	0	2	1	П	CI
	Т	otal Credits to be earned				27		
		PROFESSIONAL ELEC	TIVI	E (PI	E)			
S. No.	Course Code	Course Name	L	т	Ρ	С	Sem	Domain/ Stream
		Elective – I						
1.	20MIE01	Ethical hacking	3	0	0	3	I	N/W &S
2.	20MIE02	Multimedia Compression Techniques	3	0	0	3	I	N/W &S
3.	20MIE03	Cloud Computing	3	0	0	3	I	A&P
4.	20MIE04	Information Theory and Coding	3	0	0	3	Ι	N/W &S
		Elective – II						
5.	20MIE05	User Interface Design	3	0	0	3	П	SD
6.	20MIE06	Block Chain Technologies	3	0	0	3	П	N/W &S
7.	20MIE07	Wireless Sensor Networks	3	0	0	3	II	N/W &S
8.	20MIE08	Multicore Architectures	3	0	0	3	II	A&P
		Elective - III						
9.	20MIE09	Distributed Systems	3	0	0	3	П	A&P
10.	20MIE10	Information Storage Management	3	0	0	3	П	A&P
11.	20MIE11	Modern Information Retrieval Techniques	3	0	0	3	П	CI
12.	20MIE12	Mobile and Wireless Security	3	0	0	3	П	N/W &S
		Elective – IV						
13.	20MIE13	Social Network Analysis	3	0	0	3		CI
14.	20MIE14	Data Mining Techniques	3	0	0	3		CI
15.	20MIE15	Deep Learning Techniques	3	0	0	3		CI
16.	20MIE16	Mobile and Pervasive Computing	3	0	0	3		N/W &S
		Elective – V						
17.	20MIE17	Web Analytics and Development	3	0	0	3	IV	SD

18.	20MIE18	Digital Image Processing and Computer Vision	3	0	0	3	IV	A&P
19.	20MIE19	Advanced Parallel Architecture and Programming	3	0	0	3	IV	A&P
20.	20MIE20	Nature Inspired Computing	3	0	0	3	IV	CI
		Elective – VI						
21.	20MIE21	Reinforcement learning	3	0	0	3	IV	CI
22.	20MIE22	Software Defined Networking	3	0	0	3	IV	N/W & S
23.	20MIE23	Quantum Information and Quantum Computing	3	0	0	3	IV	A&P
24.	20MIE24	Knowledge Representation and Reasoning	3	0	0	3	IV	CI
25.	20GET13	Innovation Entrepreneurship and Venture development	3	0	0	3	IV	
	Total Credits to be earned					18		

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Total Credits to be earned18* Domain/Stream Abbreviations: A&P - Architecture &Programming, SD - Software Development and
Engineering, N/W & S - Networks and Security, CI - Computational Intelligence

El	MPLOYABII	LITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EC)					
1.	20MIP21	Innovative Project	0	0	4	2	П
2.	20MIP31	Internship cum Project Work	0	0	18	9	III
3.	20MIP41	Project Work	0	0	18	9	IV
	Total Credits to be earned					20	

KEC R2020: SCHEDULING OF COURSES – M.Tech. (Information Technology) Total Credits : 72

Sem.	Course1	Course2	Course3	Course4	Course5	Course6	Course7	Course8	С		
I	20AMT15 Advanced Mathematics for Computing (3-1-0-4)	20GET11 Introduction to Research (2-1-0-3)	20MIT13 Network Design and Technologies (3-1-0-4)	20MIT14 Data Structures and Analysis of Algorithms (3-0-0-3)	20MIT15 Advanced Database Technologies (3-0-2-4)	Professional Elective – I (3-0-0-3)	20MIL11 Data structures and algorithms Laboratory (0-0-2-1)	20MIL12 Database technology Laboratory (0-0-2-1)	22		
11	20MIT21 Big Data analytics (3-1-0-4)	20MIT22 Internet of Things (3-1-0-4)	20MIT23 Machine Learning Techniques (3-0-0-3)	20MIT24 Modern Operating Systems (3-0-0-3)	Professional Elective – II (3-0-0-3)	Professional Elective – III (3-0-0-3)	20MIL21 Machine Learning Laboratory (0-0-2-1)	20MIP21 Innovative Project (0-0-4-2)	23		
111	Professional Elective IV (3-0-0-3)	20MIP31 Internship cum Project work (0-0-18-9)							12		
IV	Professional Elective V (3-0-0-3)	Professional Elective VI (3-0-0-3)	20MIP41 Project Work (0-0-18-9)						15		

MAPPING OF COURSES WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Sem.	Course Code	Course Title	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	20AMT15	Advanced Mathematics for Computing	✓	✓	~			
1	20GET11	Introduction to Research	✓	~	~			
1	20MIT13	Network Design and Technologies	1	~	~	✓	~	~
1	20MIT14	Data Structures and Analysis of Algorithms	1	~	~	✓	~	~
1	20MIT15	Advanced Database Technologies	~	~	~	✓	~	~
1	20MIL11	Data structures and algorithms Laboratory	1			1		
1	20MIL12	Database technology Laboratory	1	~	~	1	~	~
2	20MIT21	Big Data Analytics	~		~	✓	✓	~
2	20MIT22	Internet of Things	1	~	~	✓		
2	20MIT23	Machine Learning Techniques	1		~	✓		~
2	20MIT24	Modern Operating Systems	1	~	~	1	~	~
2	20MIL21	Machine Learning Laboratory	1		~	1		
2	20MIP21	Innovative Project	1	~	~	1	~	~
3	20MIP31	Internship cum Project Work	1	~	~	1	~	~
4	20MIP41	Project Work	1	~	~	1	~	~
1	20MIE01	Ethical hacking	1	~	~	1	~	~
1	20MIE02	Multimedia Compression Techniques	1	~	~	1	~	~
1	20MIE03	Cloud Computing	~	~	~	~	~	
1	20MIE04	Information Theory and Coding	1	~	~	✓	~	✓
2	20MIE05	User Interface Design	~	~	~	~	~	~

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2	20MIE06	Block Chain Technologies	~	~	✓	~	~	~
2	20MIE07	Wireless Sensor Networks	~	~		~	~	~
2	20MIE08	Multicore Architectures	~	~		~	~	~
2	20MIE09	Distributed Systems	~	~	✓	~	~	~
2	20MIE10	Information Storage Management	~	~	~	~		
2	20MIE11	Modern Information Retrieval Techniques	~		~	~	~	
2	20MIE12	Mobile and Wireless Security	~	~	~	~	~	
3	20MIE13	Social Network Analysis	~	~	~	~	~	
3	20MIE14	Data Mining Techniques	~	~	~	~		~
3	20MIE15	Deep Learning Techniques	~	~	✓	~	~	~
3	20MIE16	Mobile and Pervasive Computing	~	~	~			~
4	20MIE17	Web Analytics and Development	~	~	~	~	~	~
4	20MIE18	Digital Image Processing and Computer Vision	~	~	~	~	~	~
4	20MIE19	Advanced Parallel Architecture and Programming	~		~	~	~	~
4	20MIE20	Nature Inspired Computing	~	~	~	~	~	~
4	20MIE21	Reinforcement learning	~	~	~	~	~	~
4	20MIE22	Software Defined Networking	✓	~	✓	~		✓
4	20MIE23	Quantum Information and Quantum Computing	~	~	1	~	~	~
4	20MIE24	Knowledge Representation and Reasoning	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
								-

M.Tech. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CURRICULUM - R2020

SEMESTER -	SEMESTER – I										
Course	Course Title	Но	urs/V	Veek	Credit	Max	imum	Category			
Code		L	Т	Р		CA	ESE	Total			
Theory/Theo	ry with Practical										
20AMT15	Advanced Mathematics for Computing	3	1	0	4	50	50	100	FC		
20GET11	Introduction to Research	2	1	0	3	50	50	100	FC		
20MIT13	Network Design and Technologies	3	1	0	4	50	50	100	PC		
20MIT14	Data Structures and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PC		
20MIT15	Advanced Database Technologies	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PC		
	Professional Elective I	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PE		
Practical / Er	nployability Enhancement										
20MIL11	Data structures and algorithms Laboratory	0	0	2	1	50	50	100	PC		
20MIL12	Database technology Laboratory	0	0	2	1	50	50	100	PC		
	Total Credits to be earned										

SEMESTER	- 11								
Course	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credit	Maximum Marks			Category
Code		L	Т	Ρ		CA	ESE	Total	
Theory/Theo	ory with Practical								
20MIT21	Big Data Analytics	3	1	0	4	50	50	100	PC
20MIT22	Internet of Things	3	1	0	4	50	50	100	PC
20MIT23	Machine Learning Techniques	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PC
20MIT24	Modern Operating Systems	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PC
	Professional Elective II	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PE
	Professional Elective III	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PE
Practical / E	mployability Enhancement								
20MIL21	Machine Learning Laboratory	0	0	2	1	50	50	100	PC
20MIP21	Innovative Project	0	0	4	2	50	50	100	EC
	Total Credits to be earned								

SEMESTER – III									
Course Code	Course Title		Hours / Week			Max	imum	Category	
Code		L	Т	Р		CA	ESE	Total	
Theory/Theory with Practical									
	Professional Elective IV	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PE
20MIP31	Internship cum Project Work	0	0	18	9	50	50	100	EC
	Total Credits to be earned								

SEMESTER – IV									
Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credit Ma	Max	imum	Marks	Category
		L	Т	Р	-	CA	ESE	Total	g,
Theory/Theo	Theory/Theory with Practical								
	Professional Elective V	3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PE
Professional Elective VI		3	0	0	3	50	50	100	PE
Practical / E	mployability Enhancement								
20MIP41	Project Work	0	0	18	9	50	50	100	EC
Total Credit	s to be earned	15							

LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES							
Course		Но	ours/W	eek			
Code	Course Title	L	т	Р	Credit	CBS	
	Semester I						
	Elective I						
20MIE01	Ethical hacking	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE02	Multimedia Compression Techniques	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE03	Cloud Computing	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE04	Information Theory and Coding	3	0	0	3		
	Semester II						
	Elective II						
20MIE05	User Interface Design	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE06	Block Chain Technologies	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE07	Wireless Sensor Networks	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE08	Multicore Architectures	3	0	0	3		
	Elective III						
20MIE09	Distributed Systems	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE10	Information Storage Management	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE11	Modern Information Retrieval Techniques		0	0	3	PE	
20MIE12	Mobile and Wireless Security	3	0	0	3		
	Semester III						
	Elective IV						
20MIE13	Social Network Analysis	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE14	Data Mining Techniques	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE15	Deep Learning Techniques	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE16	Mobile and Pervasive Computing	3	0	0	3		
	Semester IV						
	Elective V						
20MIE17	Web Analytics and Development	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE18	Digital Image Processing and Computer Vision	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE19	Advanced Parallel Architecture and Programming	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE20	Nature Inspired Computing	3	0	0	3	PE	
	Elective VI						
20MIE21	Reinforcement learning	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE22	Software Defined Networking	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE23	Quantum Information and Quantum Computing	3	0	0	3	PE	
20MIE24	Knowledge Representation and Reasoning	3	0	0	3	PE	
20GET13	Innovation Entrepreneurship and Venture development	3	0	0	3	PE	

Programme & Branch		M.Tech & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit	
Prerequisite	s	Nil	1	FC	3	1	0	4	
Preamble	This course is designed to provide the solid foundation on mathematical and statistical knowledge for designing various concepts in computing, managing databases, artificial intelligence, compiler and design.								
Unit - I	Estimat	Estimation Theory: 9+3							
Point Estimation – Characteristics of estimators – Unbiased estimators – Methods or Estimation: Method of Maximum Likelihood Estimation – Method of Moments – Correlation – Regression									
Unit - II	Multiva	Multivariate Analysis: 9+3						9+3	
Random vectors and matrices – Mean vectors and covariance matrices – Multivariate normal density and its properties – Principal components – Population principal components – Principal components from standardized variables.									
Unit - III	Vector	Spaces:						9+3	
Definition – Space – Ran	Definition – Subspaces – Linear dependence and independence – Basis and dimension – Row space, Column space and Null Space – Rank and nullity.								
Unit - IV	Numbe	r Theory:						9+3	
Divisibility – Congruence	Divisibility – Prime numbers – Fundamental theorem of arithmetic – Fermat's Little theorem – GCD – Euclid's algorithm – Congruence – Solution of congruences – Chinese remainder theorem.								
Unit - V	Automa	Automata Theory: 9+3						9+3	
Formal Lang Deterministic Equivalence	uages: Ir and No of Pusho	ntroduction – Phrase structure grammar – Types of Gramm n-deterministic FSA – Equivalence of DFA to NFA – Push down Automata and Context Free Languages – Turing Mac	nar – Fii down a chine.	nite state mach automata – La	nine – F nguage	inite sta s acce	ate aut pted by	omata – / PDA –	

Lecture:45, Tutorial:15, Total:60

REFERENCES:

1	Gupta S.C., Kapoor V.K. "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan and Sons, 11th edition, 2011.					
2	Richard A. Johnson, Dean W. Wichern, "Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2002.					
3.	. Howard Anton, "Elementary Linear Algebra", 10th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2010.					
4.	Victor Shoup, "A Computational Introduction to Number Theory and Algebra", Cambridge University Press, 2 nd Edition, 2011.					
5.	Kenneth H. Rosen. ," Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications: With Combinatorics and Graph Theory", Tata McGraw Hill, 7th edition, 2012.					

COUR On co	COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to		
CO1	use a sample to compute point estimate.	Applying (K3)	
CO2	perform exploratory analysis of multivariate data.	Applying (K3)	
CO3	apply the concepts of linear algebra to solve practical problems.	Applying (K3)	
CO4	handle network security related problems using number theory concepts.	Applying (K3)	
CO5	model different kinds of machines using finite state automata.	Applying (K3)	

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/Pos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		
CO1	2							
CO2	1		3					
CO3	3							
CO4	2	3	1					
CO5	3	1	3					
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy								

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT1	10	20	70				100			
CAT2	10	20	70				100			
CAT3	10	20	70				100			
ESE	10	20	70				100			

* ±3% may be varied (CAT 1,2,3 – 50 marks & ESE – 100 marks)

20GET11 INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH

(Common to Engineering and Technology Branches)

Programme & Branch	M.E. & Construction Engineering and Management	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Nil	1	PC	2	1	0	3

Unit - I Concept of Research:

Meaning and Significance of Research: Skills, Habits and Attitudes for Research - Time Management - Status of Research in India. Why, How and What a Research is? - Types and Process of Research - Outcome of Research - Sources of Research Problem -Characteristics of a Good Research Problem - Errors in Selecting a Research Problem - Importance of Keywords - Literature Collection - Analysis - Citation Study - Gap Analysis - Problem Formulation Techniques.

Unit - II **Research Methods and Journals:**

Interdisciplinary Research - Need for Experimental Investigations - Data Collection Methods - Appropriate Choice of Algorithms / Methodologies / Methods - Measurement and Result Analysis - Investigation of Solutions for Research Problem - Interpretation -Research Limitations. Journals in Science/Engineering - Indexing and Impact factor of Journals - Citations - h Index - i10 Index -Journal Policies - How to Read a Published Paper - Ethical issues Related to Publishing - Plagiarism and Self-Plagiarism.

Unit - III Paper Writing and Research Tools:

Types of Research Papers - Original Article/Review Paper/Short Communication/Case Study - When and Where to Publish? -Journal Selection Methods. Layout of a Research Paper - Guidelines for Submitting the Research Paper - Review Process -Addressing Reviewer Comments. Use of tools / Techniques for Research - Hands on Training related to Reference Management Software - EndNote, Software for Paper Formatting like LaTeX/MS Office. Introduction to Origin, SPSS, ANOVA etc., Software for detection of Plagiarism.

Unit - IV Effective Technical Thesis Writing/Presentation:

How to Write a Report - Language and Style - Format of Project Report - Use of Quotations - Method of Transcription Special Elements: Title Page - Abstract - Table of Contents - Headings and Sub-Headings - Footnotes - Tables and Figures - Appendix -Bibliography etc. - Different Reference Formats. Presentation using PPTs.

Unit - V Nature of Intellectual Property:

Patents - Designs - Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: Technological research - innovation - patenting development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents.

REFERENCES:

Lecture: 30, Tutorial:15, Total:45

- DePoy, Elizabeth, and Laura N. Gitlin, "Introduction to Research-E-Book: Understanding and Applying Multiple Strategies", Elsevier Health Sciences, 2015.
- Walliman, Nicholas, "Research Methods: The basics", Routledge, 2017. 2.
- Bettig Ronald V., "Copyrighting culture: The political economy of intellectual property", Routledge, 2018. 3.

6+3

6 + 3

6+3

6+3

COURSE On comple	BT Mapped (Highest Level)	
CO1:	list the various stages in research and categorize the quality of journals.	Analyzing (K4)
CO2;	formulate a research problem from published literature/journal papers	Evaluating (K5)
CO3:	write, present a journal paper/ project report in proper format	Creating (K6)
CO4:	select suitable journal and submit a research paper.	Applying (K3)
CO5:	compile a research report and the presentation	Applying (K3)

Mapping of COs with POs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5			
CO1	3	2	1					
CO2	3	2	3					
CO3	3	3	1					
CO4	3	2	1					
CO5	3	2	1					

1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY											
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %				
CAT1		30	40	30			100				
CAT2		30	40	30			100				
CAT3			30	40	30		100				
ESE		30	40	30			100				

* ±3% may be varied (CAT 1,2,3 – 50 marks & ESE – 100 marks)

20MIT13 - NETWORK DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGIES

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit	
Prerequisites	Computer Networks	1	PC	3	1	0	4	

Preamble This course provides insight into Network design, tools for monitoring the network and advanced topics in Networks such as Wireless network protocols, 4G and 5G networks, Software-Defined Networks.

Unit-I Network Design Fundamentals:

Introduction -Cooperative communications -The OSI model -The TCP/IP model -The Internet protocols-Networking hardware-Physical connectivity-Virtual connectivity.

Unit – II Network monitoring and Analysis:

An effective network monitoring LAN and WAN - Monitoring your network -The dedicated monitoring server – monitoring various network parameters - characteristics of monitoring tools - Types of monitoring tools-Spot check tools-Log analysers-Trending tools-Realtime tools-Benchmarking-Interpret the traffic graph - Monitoring RAM and CPU usage.

Unit - III Wireless Networks:

IEEE802.16 and WiMAX – Security – Advanced 802.16 Functionalities – Mobile WiMAX - 802.16e – Network Infrastructure – WLAN – Configuration – Management Operation – Security – IEEE 802.11e and WMM – QoS – Comparison of WLAN and UMTS.

Unit - IV 4G and 5G Networks:

LTE – Network Architecture and Interfaces – FDD Air Interface and Radio Networks –Scheduling – Mobility Management and Power Optimization – LTE Security Architecture – Interconnection with UMTS and GSM – LTE Advanced (3GPPP Release 10)- 4G Networks and Composite Radio Environment – Protocol Boosters – Hybrid 4G Wireless Networks Protocols – Green Wireless Networks – Physical Layer and Multiple Access – Introduction to 5G.

Unit - V Software Defined Networks:

Software Defined Networks: Introduction – Centralized and Distributed Control and Data Planes – Open Flow – SDN Controllers – Data centre concepts and constructs : Introduction- The Multitenant Data Center - The Virtualized Multitenant Data Center- Orchestration - Connecting a Tenant to the Internet: VPN - Virtual Machine Migration and Elasticity - SDN Solutions for the Data Center Network – VLANs - Network Topology – Building an SDN Framework :The Juniper SDN Framework.

Lecture:45; Tutorial : 15; Total: 60

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REFERENCES:

1. Martin Sauter, "From GSM to LTE, An Introduction to Mobile Networks and Mobile Broadband", 1st Edition, Wiley, 2014.

2. Thoman D. Nadeau, Ken Gray, "SDN - Software Defined Networks", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2013.

 Flickenger R., Belcher M., Canessa E., Zennaro M., "How To Accelerate Your Internet A Practical Guide to Bandwidth Management and Optimisation using Open Source Software", 1st Edition, BMO Book Sprint Team, 2006.

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1	identify the components required for designing a network	Applying (K3)
CO2	apply different tools for network monitoring	Applying (K3)
CO3	analyze various wireless network technologies	Analyzing (K4)
CO4	summarize the features of LTE, 4G and 5G networks	Understanding (K2)
CO5	experiment with software defined networks	Understanding (K2)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs											
COs/POs PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5											
CO1			3								
CO2			2	3							
CO3	3	3									
CO4	1		3			3					
CO5					3						
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy											

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	30	70					100			
CAT 2	10	40	40	10			100			
CAT 3	10	30	50	10			100			
ESE	10	60	20	10			100			

* ±3% may be varied (CAT 1,2,3 – 50 marks & ESE – 100 marks)

20MIT14 - DATA STRUCTURES AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

rogramme ranch	&	M.TECH & In	formation Tech	nnology			Sem.	Category	L T P		Р	Credit
rerequisite	S	Nil					1	PC	3	0	0	3
Preamble	Provide prograr	es insight into nming langua	the intrinsic na ge / programmin	ature of the	e proble n/compu	em as w iter hard	ell as po ware/imp	ossible solution	n techn spect.	iques, i	ndepe	ndent o
Unit – I	Indust	rial catalysis:										9
The Role of Sort – Quic	f Algoritl k Sort –	nms in Compu Sorting in Line	uting- Growth of ear Time	Functions	- Analys	sis of Re	ecursive a	and Non-recur	sive Fu	nctions	– List	s - Heap
Unit - II	Ad	vanced Data	Structures:									9
Binary Sear	ch Tree	s-Red-Black T	rees-Augmentin	ng Data Stru	uctures -	- B- Tree	s – Binor	mial Heaps - F	ibonaco	i Heaps	6	
Unit - III	Algorit	hm Design	Techniques:									9
Overview Programmir Algorithm - Properties -	of Ba ng (Rod String Determ	asic Design Cutting) - matching wit ining segment	Techniques: Greedy Algorith h finite automa ts intersection –	Divide nms (Huffm ta - Knuth Convex Hu	and C nan Cod n-Morris- ull – Clos	conquer des) - St Pratt Al sest pair	(Strasser tring Ma gorithm of points	n 's Matrix atching: Naïv - Computatior	Multip e Algo al Geo	olication prithm - pmetry:) – Rab Line S	Dynami in Karı Segmen
Unit - IV	Algorit	hm Design	Techniques:									9
Elementary Maximum F	Graph low	Algorithms -	Minimum Sp	anning Tr	rees -	Single	Source S	Shortest Paths	- All F	Pairs SI	nortest	Paths
Unit - V	NP and	I Approximat	ion Algorithms	:								9
NP-Comple	teness:	Polynomial Ti	me verification,	NP Compl	leteness	and Re	ducibility	- NP Complet	teness	Proofs	- NP C	Complete

Total: 45

REFERENCES:

1.	Thomas H. Cormen, Cha	rles E. Leiserson,	Ronald L. Rivest,	Clifford Stein,	"Introduction t	o Algorithms",	3 rd Edition,	MIT Press,
	USA, 2009.							

2. Levitin A., "Introduction to The Design and Analysis of Algorithms", 2nd Edition, Addison Wesley, New York, 2007.

3. Weiss Mark Allen, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2007.

4. Aho Alfred V., Hopcroft John E., UllIman Jeffrey D., "Data Structures and Algorithms", 2nd edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2002.
| COUR
On con | SE OUTCOMES:
apletion of the course, the students will be able to | BT Mapped
(Highest Level) |
|----------------|--|------------------------------|
| CO1: | analyze algorithms and prove their correctness for searching and sorting | Analyzing (K4) |
| CO2: | choose appropriate data structure as applicable to specified problem definition | Applying (K3) |
| CO3: | design algorithms using different Algorithm Design Techniques and apply them to real world problem | Applying (K3) |
| CO4: | summarize the major graph algorithms and apply on standard problems | Applying (K3) |
| CO5: | outline the significance of NP-completeness and Approximation algorithm | Understanding (K2) |

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1	2	3		3	2		
CO2	3	3					
CO3	2	3	3				
CO4	1	3	1				
CO5	3		1			3	
1 – Slight	t, 2 – Moderate, 3 -	- Substantial, BT-	Bloom's Taxonom	v			

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY								
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %	
CAT 1	10	20	50	20			100	
CAT 2	10	40	50				100	
CAT 3	20	40	40				100	
ESE	10	20	50	20			100	

20MIT15 - ADVANCED DATABASE TECHNOLOGIES

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Database Management Systems	1	PC	3	0	0	3

Preamble To acquire knowledge on advanced databases like parallel and distributed database, object-oriented database, active database, temporal database, spatial database, mobile database, multimedia database, XML database and cloud database to effectively store the data for real time applications.

Unit - I Parallel and Distributed Databases:

Database System Architectures: Centralized and Client-Server Architectures - Server System Architectures - Parallel Systems - Distributed Systems - Parallel Databases: I/O Parallelism - Inter and Intra Query Parallelism - Inter and Intra operation Parallelism - Design of Parallel Systems - Distributed Database Concepts - Distributed Data Storage - Distributed Transactions - Commit Protocols - Concurrency Control - Distributed Query-Processing - Case Studies.

Unit - II Object Oriented Databases:

Object Oriented Databases - Introduction - Weakness of RDBMS - Object Oriented Concepts - Storing Objects in Relational Databases - Next Generation - Database Systems - Object Oriented Data models - OODBMS Perspectives - Persistence - Issues in OODBMS - Object Oriented Database Management System Manifesto - Advantages and Disadvantages of OODBMS - Object Oriented Database Design - OODBMS Standards and Systems - Object Management Group - Object Database Standard ODMG - Object Relational DBMS - Postgres - Comparison of ORDBMS and OODBMS.

Unit - III Intelligent Databases:

Active Databases: Syntax and Semantics (Starburst, Oracle, DB2) – Taxonomy – Applications - Design Principles for Active Rules -Temporal Databases: Overview of Temporal Databases- TSQL2 - Deductive Databases: Logic of Query Languages - Datalog -Recursive Rules- Syntax and Semantics of Datalog Languages - Implementation of Rules and Recursion - Recursive Queries in SQL - Spatial Databases - Spatial Data Types - Spatial Relationships - Spatial Data Structures - Spatial Access Methods - Spatial DB Implementation.

Unit - IV Advanced Data Models:

Mobile Databases: Location and Handoff Management - Effect of Mobility on Data Management - Location Dependent Data Distribution-Mobile Transaction Models-Concurrency Control - Transaction Commit Protocols - Multimedia Databases - Information Retrieval - Data Warehousing - Data Mining - Text Mining.

Unit - V Emerging Technologies:

XML Databases: XML Data Model - DTD - XML Schema - XML Querying - Web Databases - Geographic Information Systems -Biological Data Management - Cloud Based Databases: Data Storage Systems on the Cloud - Cloud Storage Architectures - Cloud Data Models - Query Languages - Introduction to Big Data - Storage - Analysis.

Total: 45

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REFERENCES:

1.	Elmasri R., Navathe S.B., "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 5 th Edition, Pearson Education/Addison Wesley, 2010.
2.	Thomas Cannolly and Carolyn Begg, "Database Systems, A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation and Management", 3 rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
3.	Henry F. Korth, Abraham Silberschatz S., Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", 5th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2011.
4.	Date C.J., Kannan A., Swamynathan S., "An Introduction to Database Systems", 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

5. Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, "Database Management Systems", 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2004.

COUR: On con	BT Mapped (Highest Level)	
CO1:	select the appropriate high performance database like parallel and distributed database	Applying (K3)
CO2:	model and represent the real world data using object oriented database	Evaluating (K4)
CO3:	design a semantic based database to meaningful data access	Evaluating (K4)
CO4:	embed the rule set in the database to implement intelligent databases	Evaluating (K4)
CO5:	represent the data using XML database for better interoperability	Evaluating (K4)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1	1	3	1	2	3	1	
CO2	2		2	3	2	1	
CO3	2	1	2	3	2	1	
CO4	3		2	2	1	3	
CO5	2	1	3	2	2	1	
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT1	20	20	60	-	-	-	100		
CAT2	-	10	50	40	-	-	100		
CAT3	-	20	50	30	-	-	100		
ESE	10	20	40	30	-	-	100		

20MIL11 - DATA STRUCTURES AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS LABORATORY

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Nil	1	PC	0	0	2	1
Preamble	Provides insight into the intrinsic nature of the problem as well as possible solution techniques, independent of programming language / programming paradigm/computer hardware/ implementation aspect.						

List of Exercises / Experiments :

1.	Implement and calculate the time complexity of sorting algorithm
2.	Program to implement binary search trees and Red-Black trees
3.	Apply Binomial Heap and Fibonacci heaps algorithms
4.	Program to implement Strassen's matrix multiplication algorithm
5.	Use appropriate algorithm design technique to implement Huffman code
6.	Implement any one String Matching algorithms
7.	Program to implement minimum cost spanning tree
8.	Use Dijkstra's algorithm to implement single source shortest path problem
9.	Solve NP problem: sum of subset problem
10.	Program to demonstrate Travelling sales person problem

Practical: 30, Total: 30

REFERENCES/MANUAL/SOFTWARE:

1.	Operating System : Windows/Linux
2.	Software : C
3.	Laboratory Manual

COUR: On con	COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to			
CO1:	Identify the appropriate data structure for solving the given problem	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)		
CO2:	Apply suitable algorithm design techniques to solve complex problems	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)		
CO3:	Use practical knowledge on the applications of graph data structures	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)		

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs									
COs/POs PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5									
CO1	3			3					
CO2	3			3					
CO3	3			3					
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy									

20MIL12 - DATABASE TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

Programme & M.TECH & Information Technology		Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Database Management Systems	1	PC	0	0	2	1
Preamble	To acquire knowledge on advanced databases like parallel and distributed database, object-oriented database, active database, temporal database, spatial database, mobile database, multimedia database, XML database and cloud database to effectively store the data for real time applications.						ase,

List of Exercises / Experiments :

1.	Distributed Database for Bookstore
2.	Deadlock Detection Algorithm for distributed database using wait- for graph
3.	Object Oriented Database – Extended Entity Relationship (EER)
4.	Parallel Database – University Counselling for Engineering colleges
5.	Parallel Database – Implementation of Parallel Join & Parallel Sort
6.	Active Database – Implementation of Triggers & Assertions for Bank Database
7.	Deductive Database – Constructing Knowledge Database for Kinship Domain (Family Relations)
8.	Study and Working of WEKA Tool
9.	Query Processing – Implementation of an Efficient Query Optimizer
10.	Designing XML Schema for Company Database

Practical: 30,Total: 30

REFERENCES/MANUAL/SOFTWARE:

1	Front End: Microsoft Visual Studio 6.0, Microsoft .NET Framework SDK v2.0, Java
2	Back End : ORACLE/SQL SERVER/ MYSQL
3	WEKA Tool
4	HTML/Javascript

COURSE OUTCOMES

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	design an effective query processing for parallel and distributed database	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)
CO2:	design an online system for various applications	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)
CO3:	design an application using advanced data models	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		
CO1	3	3	2	3	1	1		
CO2	3	1	2	3	1	2		
CO3	3	1	2	3	3	1		
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy								

20MIT21 - BIG DATA ANALYTICS

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. – Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Database Management Systems	2	PC	3	1	0	4

Preamble	Preamble Provides basic knowledge about Big data, its framework and storage in databases and prepares the students to perform various analytical operations and visualize the results									
Unit - I	Big Data:	9+3								
Definition – Challenges - Big data App	Definition – Wholeness of big data: Understanding – Capturing –Benefits and management – Organizing and analyzing – Challenges – Big data architecture – Big data sources and applications: Big data sources – Machine to machine Communications-Big data Applications.									
Unit - II	MapReduce Framework:	9+3								
Introducing F – Reading a MapReduce combiners –	Hadoop – Starting Hadoop – Components of Hadoop: Working with files in HDFS - Anatomy of a MapReduce pr and writing - Writing basic MapReduce programs: Getting the patent data set-Constructing the basic templat program-Counting things-Adapting for Hadoop's API changes-Streaming in Hadoop- Improving performanc Hadoop Ecosystem.	ogram e of a e with								
Unit - III	NoSQL Database Systems:	9+3								
Introduction Cassandra-	Introduction to NoSQL – CAP theorem - MongoDB : Data types – MongoDB Query Language – Cassandra: Features of Cassandra- Data types – CRUD- Collections Alter Commands – Import and Export- Querying system tables									
Unit - IV	Mining Data Streams:	9+3								
Stream Data Counting On	Stream Data Model - Sampling Data in a Stream–Filtering Streams–Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream–Estimating Moments– Counting Ones in a Window–Decaying Window - Stream processing with SPARK and Kafka.									
Unit - V	Case Studies:	9+3								

Implement using open source frameworks/tools : Time Series Analysis - Text analysis - Social Network Analysis - Data streams

Lecture:45; Tutorial : 15; Total: 60

REFERENCES:

1.	Anil Maheshwari, "Big Data". 1 st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
2.	Chuck Lam, "Hadoop in Action", 2 nd Edition, Manning Publications, 2011.
3.	Seema Acharya, Subhashini Chellappan, "Big Data and Analytics", 1 st Edition, Wiley, 2015.

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1	identify the need for big data analytics	Understanding (K2)
CO2	develop simple programs using Hadoop framework	Understanding (K2)
CO3	explore NoSQL database system for real world problems	Analyzing (K4)
CO4	recognize the need for stream processing and discuss SPARK and Kafka architecture	Analyzing (K4)
CO5	discuss big data use cases and implement using open source frameworks/tools	Applying (K3)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs										
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6				
CO1	3		2			1				
CO2	3		2	3						
CO3	3		1		3					
CO4	2		2	3	2					
CO5	1		3	2						
CO5	1 2 – Moderate 3 –	Substantial BT-I	3 Bloom's Tayonomy	2						

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	30	70					100			
CAT 2	10	40	40	10			100			
CAT 3	20	40	30	10			100			
ESE	10	60	20	10			100			

20MIT22 - INTERNET OF THINGS

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Microprocessors/ Microcontrollers/ Computer Organization/ Networks	2	PC	3	1	0	4

Preamble This course is intended to give students a thorough understanding of IoT and its applications and to design, develop and analyze the various tools for building IoT applications also to develop IoT infrastructure for various real time applications. 9+3

Unit – I Introduction to Internet of Things and Design Methodology:

Definition and Characteristics of IoT - Physical Design of IoT - IoT Protocols - IoT Communication Models - IoT Communication APIs - IoT enabled Technologies - IoT Levels and Templates - M2M - Difference between M2M and IoT - Software defined networks - Network function virtualization - IoT Platform design Methodologies.

Unit – II **IoT Architecture and Protocols:**

Four Pillars of IoT - DNA of IoT - Middleware for IoT: Overview - Communication middleware for IoT - LBS and Surveillance Middleware - Protocol Standardization for IoT - Efforts - M2M and WSN Protocols - SCADA and RFID Protocols - Unified Data Standards.

Unit – III Introduction to Python and IoT Physical Devices:

Language features of Python - Data types - Data structures - Control of flow – Functions – Modules – Packaging - File handling -Data/time operations – Classes - Exception handling Python packages - JSON, XML, HTTPLib, URLLib, SMTPLib - Introduction to Raspberry PI - Interfaces (serial, SPI, I2C)Programming - Python program with Raspberry PI with focus of interfacing external gadgets - Controlling output - Reading input from pins.

Unit – IV Cloud Storage and Analysis:

Various Real time applications of IoT - Connecting IoT to cloud - Cloud Storage for IoT - Data Analytics for IoT - Software and Management Tools for IoT

Unit – V Cyber Security and Privacy in Internet of Things :

Security and Privacy issues and challenges - Mitigating Security and Privacy Challenges - Security Assessment of an IoT Solution - Attacks and Countermeasures: Perception Layer - Network Layer - Transport Layer - Application Layer - IoT security requirements based on CIA Principles - Security in IoT Protocols.

Lecture:45; Tutorial : 15; Total: 60

9+3

9+3

9+3

9+3

REFERENCES:

1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things - A Hands-on Approach", 1st Edition, Universities Press, 2015.

2. Honbo Zhou, "The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective", 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2012.

3. https://www.isaca.org/Journal/archives/2015/Volume-4/Pages/security-and-privacy-challenges-of-iot-enabled-solutions.aspx

4. https://www.researchgate.net/270763270 Survey of Security and Privacy Issues

COUR: On con	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	describe the physical and logical design of IoT and identify the appropriate IoT level and develop design methodologies for a given application	Applying (K3)
CO2:	explain the architecture, need for middleware and the role of different standardization protocols	Understanding (K2)
CO3:	recall the basic concepts and packages of Python related to IoT for interfacing with IoT devices	Applying (K3)
CO4:	develop simple real time applications, upload the data onto the cloud and perform data analytics	Applying (K3)
CO5:	identify the security threats against a given IoT system and suggest simple countermeasures	Understanding (K2)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		
CO1	3	2	1	1				
CO2	3	1						
CO3	3	2	1	1				
CO4	3	2	1	1				
CO5	3	1						
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy								

	ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY						
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %
CAT 1	30	30	30	10			100
CAT 2	20	30	30	20			100
CAT 3	10	30	30	30			100
ESE	10	30	30	30			100

20MIT23 - MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Nil	2	PC	3	0	0	3

Unit – I	Supervised Learning:	9	
Preamble	Provides a concise introduction to the fundamental concepts of machine learning and popular machine le algorithms.	earning	

Unit – I Supervised Learning:

Definition of Machine Learning - Examples of Machine Learning Applications. Supervised Learning: Learning a Class from Examples - VC Dimension - PAC Learning - Noise - Learning Multiple Classes - Regression - Model Selection and Generalization -Dimensions of a Supervised Machine Learning Algorithm. Dimensionality Reduction: Introduction - Subset Selection - Principal Component Analysis- Feature Embedding - Factor Analysis.

Tree And Probabilistic Models: Unit – II

Learning with Trees - Decision Trees - Constructing Decision Trees - Classification and Regression Trees - Different ways to Combine Classifiers – Boosting – Bagging – Gaussian Mixture Models – Nearest Neighbor Methods – Unsupervised Learning – K means Algorithm.

Unit – III Multilayer Perceptron:

Introduction - The Perceptron - Training a Perceptron - Learning Boolean Functions - Multilayer Perceptrons - MLP as a Universal Approximator - Backpropagation Algorithm - Training Procedures - Tuning the Network Size - Dimensionality Reduction - Learning Time

Unit – IV Kernel Machines:

Introduction - Optimal Separating Hyperplane - Soft Margin Hyperplane - v-SVM - Kernal Trick - Vectorial Kernels - Defining Kernels - Multiple Kernel Learning - Multiclass Kernel Machines - One class Kernel Machines - Kernel Dimensionality Reduction.

Unit – V Reinforcement Learning:

Introduction - Single State Case-Elements of Reinforcement Learning - Model-Based Learning - Temporal Difference Learning -Generalization - Partially Observable States. Design of Machine Learning Experiments: Introduction - Factors, Response, and Strategy of Experimentation - Response Surface Design - Randomization, Replication, and Blocking - Guidelines for Machine Learning Experiments.

Total: 45

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REFERENCES:

1.	Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", 3 rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2014.
2.	Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", 2 nd Edition, Springer, 2011.
3.	Willi Richert, Luis Pedro Coelho, "Building Machine Learning Systems with Python", 2 nd Edition, Packt Publishing Ltd., 2015.

COUR: On con	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	illustrate the foundations of machine learning and apply suitable dimensionality reduction techniques for an application	Applying (K3)
CO2:	make use of supervised methods to solve the given problem	Applying (K3)
CO3:	apply neural networks to solve real world problems	Applying (K3)
CO4:	solve real world problems using kernel machines	Applying (K3)
CO5:	summarize the concepts of reinforcement learning and design machine learning experiments	Analyzing (K4)

	Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6			
CO1	3		2						
CO2	3		2			1			
CO3	3			2		1			
CO4	3			2		1			
CO5	2		3			1			
1 – Slight	, 2 – Moderate, 3 –	Substantial, BT	- Bloom's Taxonom	у					

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY							
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %
CAT 1	20	40	40				100
CAT 2	20	30	40	10			100
CAT 3	20	30	50				100
ESE	20	30	40	10			100

20MIT24 -MODERN OPERATING SYSTEMS

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Operating systems	2	PC	3	0	0	3

Preamble	The concepts of operating system to distributed environment like cloud computing, mobile computing etc.	
Unit – I	Process Synchronization:	9
Introduction Problem - Pr	- Functions of OS - Design Approaches - Types of advanced OS, Synchronization mechanisms - Critical S ocess Deadlocks: Models of Deadlock - Models of Resources.	ection
Unit – II	Distributed Operating Systems:	9
Issues in Dis Messages - Protocols.	stributed Operating System - Architecture - Communication Primitives - Lamport's Logical clocks - Causal Order Distributed Mutual Exclusion Algorithms - Centralized and Distributed Deadlock Detection Algorithms - Agree	ring of ement
Unit – III	Distributed Resource Management:	9
Distributed F Issues in Loa	ile Systems - Design Issues - Distributed Shared Memory - Algorithms for Implementing Distributed Shared mer ad Distributing - Load Distributing Algorithms - Synchronous and Asynchronous Check Pointing and Recovery.	nory -
Unit – IV	Fault Tolerance and Security:	9
Fault Tolera Operating Managemen	nce - Two-Phase Commit Protocol - Non-blocking Commit Protocol - Security and Protection. Multiproc Systems: Structures - Design Issues - Threads - Process Synchronization - Processor Scheduling - Me t - Reliability / Fault Tolerance.	essor emory
Unit – V	Database Operating Systems:	9
Introduction	- Concurrency Control - Distributed Database Systems - Concurrency Control Algorithms. Real Time and N	lobile

Introduction - Concurrency Control - Distributed Database Systems - Concurrency Control Algorithms. **Real Time and Mobile Operating Systems:** Basic Model of Real Time Systems – Characteristics - Applications of Real Time Systems - Real Time Task Scheduling - Overview of Mobile Operating Systems.

Total: 45

REFERENCES:

1.	Mukesh Singhal, Niranjan G. Shivaratri, "Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems – Distributed, Database and Multiprocessor Operating Systems", 1 st edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2014.
2.	Rajib Mall, "Real-Time Systems: Theory and Practice", Pearson Education India, 2006.
3.	Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, "Operating System Concepts", 7 th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
4.	Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Modern Operating Systems", 2 nd Edition, Addison Wesley, 2001.
5.	Daniel P. Bovet, Marco Cesati, "Understanding the Linux kernel", 3 rd Edition, O'Reilly, 2005.
6.	Neil Smyth, "iPhone iOS 4 Development Essentials – Xcode", 4 th Edition, Payload Media, 2011.

🥸 Kongu Engineering College, Perundurai, Erode – 638060, India

	Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6			
CO1	3								
CO2	2	2	3			2			
CO3		2	3		3	2			
CO4		1		2	3				
CO5			3	2					

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	elaborate the synchronization mechanism, various models and functions of an operating system	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	examine the issues - Mutual exclusion, Deadlock detection and Agreement protocols of Distributed Operating System	Analyzing (K4)
CO3:	interpret the file system and load distribution mechanisms in Distributed Operating System	Applying (K3)
CO4:	compare various fault tolerant protocols and security issues and the characteristics of multiprocessor and database operating system	Understanding (K2)
CO5:	apply the different features of real time and mobile operating systems for solving real world problems	Applying (K3)

	ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	10	20	50	20			100			
CAT 2	10	40	50				100			
CAT 3	20	40	40				100			
ESE	10	20	50	20			100			

20MIL21 -MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Basics of python	2	PC	0	0	2	1
Preamble This course provides use of data sets in implementing the machine learning algorithms							

List of Exercises / Experiments :

1.	Implementation of linear regression
2.	Implementation of Decision tree
3.	Implementation of k-means clustering
4.	Implementation of k-NN
5.	Implementation of Backpropagation algorithm
6.	Comparison of linear regression and decision tree algorithm for the given dataset
7.	Comparison of kernel functions of Support Vector Machine for the given dataset
8.	Demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set using any one of the machine learning algorithms
9.	Prediction Of Soil Quality Using Machine Leaning Techniques
10.	Quality Analysis of Fruits and Vegetables using Machine Leaning Techniques

Practical : 30,Total: 30

REFERENCES/MANUAL/SOFTWARE:

1.	Python / Java / Anaconda IDE	j
2.	Laboratory Manual	

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	implement various supervised algorithms	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)
CO2:	implement the unsupervised algorithms	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)
CO3:	implement and compare the performance of different algorithms using data sets	Applying (K3), Precision (S3)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1	3		1	2			
CO2	3		1	2			
CO3	2		1	2			
1 - Slight, 2 - Moderate, 3	- Substantial, BT-	Bloom's Taxonor	ny				

20MIE01 - ETHICAL HACKING

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Nil	1	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	This subject provides the fundamental knowledge about security permissions in computer, internet and system and how to secure from the various vulnerabilities and provide countermeasures for real world applications.

Unit – I Casing the Establishment:

What is foot printing? - Internet Foot printing- Scanning – Determining if the system is alive – Determining which services are running or Listening – Detecting the operating system – Processing and storing scan data - Enumeration - basic banner grabbing-Enumerating Common Network services- Case study- Network Security Monitoring.

Unit – II System Hacking:

Introduction – Cracking password – Password cracking websites – Password guessing Algorithms – Password Cracking Tools – Countermeasure – Escalating Privileges- Executing Applications – Key loggers and spywares.

Unit – III Infrastructure and Hardware Hacking:

Remote connectivity and VoIP Hacking - Preparing to dial up- War – Dialing - Brute-Force Scripting - PBX hacking - Voice mail hacking - VPN hacking – Hacking Hardware – Physical access –Hacking Devices – Default Configurations – Reverse Engineering Hardware.

Unit – IV Wireless and Firewall Hacking:

Wireless Equipment – Discovery and monitoring - Denial of Service Attacks – Common Dos Attack Techniques - DoS Countermeasures - Encryption attacks – Authentication attacks - Firewalls - Firewalls landscape - Firewall Identification - Scanning Through firewalls - Packet Filtering - Application Proxy Vulnerabilities.

Unit – V Application Hacking and Countermeasures :

Web and Database Hacking – Web Server Hacking - Web application Hacking - Common web application Vulnerabilities – Database Hacking – Mobile Hacking – Hacking android – iOS.

Total: 45

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REFERENCES:

1. Stuart McClure, Joel Scambray, Goerge Kurtz, "Hacking Exposed 7 : Network Security Secrets and Solutions", 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, 2012.

EC- Council Press, "Ethical Hacking and Countermeasures: Threats and Defense Mechanisms", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning, 2009.

3. EC- Council Press, "Ethical Hacking and Countermeasures: Attack Phases", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning, 2009.

COURS On con	BT Mapped (Highest Level)	
CO1:	explain the basic vulnerabilities in any computing system	Applying (K3)
CO2:	determine the possible security attacks in complex real time systems and their effective countermeasures	Applying (K3)
CO3:	identify the security issues in hardware and software	Applying (K3)
CO4:	interpret the vulnerabilities in wireless environment and firewall systems	Applying (K3)
CO5:	formulate research problems in the computer security applications	Analyzing (K4)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs						
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3		3	2	3	1
CO2	3	1	3	2	3	
CO3			3	3	3	
CO4	2		3	3	3	
CO5	3	2		3	3	
1 - Slight, 2 - Moderate, 3 - Substan	ntial, BT- Bloom's	Taxonomy				

	ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	20	50	30				100			
CAT 2	20	50	30				100			
CAT 3	10	40	40	10			100			
ESE	15	45	30	10			100			

20MIE02 - MULTIMEDIA COMPRESSION TECHNIQUES

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Computer Networks	1	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	The aims of this course are to study methods for handling and compressing various kinds of data, such as text,
	images, audio and video data and understand data compression techniques for multimedia and other applications, in particular to the Internet.

Unit – I Introduction:

Special features of Multimedia – Graphics and Image Data Representations – Popular File formats – Fundamental Concepts in Video – Digital Audio – Storage requirements for multimedia applications –Need for Compression – Lossy & Lossless compression techniques– Overview of Source Models – Source coding – Scalar and Vector quantization

Unit – II Text Compression:

Compression techniques: Shannon- Fano coding –Huffman coding – Adaptive Huffman Coding – Arithmetic coding – Dictionary techniques: LZW algorithm

Unit – III Audio Compression:

Audio compression techniques – µ- Law and A-Law companding- Differential Encoding –DPCM- ADPCM – DM – Optimal Predictors and Optimal Quantization –Application to speech coding: G.722 – Application to audio coding : MPEG audio, Speech compression techniques : Formants and CELP Vocoders

Unit – IV Image Compression :

Transform Coding: JPEG Standard – Sub band coding algorithms – Design of Filter banks – Implementation using filters- Wavelet based compression: EZW- SPIHT coders – JPEG 2000 standards- JBIG- JBIG2 standards

Unit – V Video Compression:

Video compression Based on Motion Compensation – Search for Motion Vectors – H.261 – MPEG Video Coding I: MPEG – 1 and 2 – MPEG Video Coding II: MPEG – 4: Object Based Visual Coding –Synthetic Object Coding –Object types-Profiles and Levels – MPEG 7.

Total: 45

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REFERENCES:

1.	Morgan Kauffman, Khalid Sayood, "Introduction to Data Compression", 2 nd Edition, Harcourt India, 2000.
2.	David Salomon, "Data Compression – The Complete Reference", 2 nd Edition, Springer Verlag New York Inc., 2001.
3.	Mark S. Drew, Ze-Nian Li, "Fundamentals of Multimedia", 2 nd Edition, Prentice Hall India, 2005.

COUR: On con	COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to		
CO1:	summarize scalar and vector quantization theory and also to represent the multimedia data in different formats for various applications	Understanding (K2)	
CO2:	make use of different coding techniques and apply various algorithms for text compression	Applying (K3)	
CO3:	identify the various audio and speech compression techniques for practical applications	Applying (K3)	
CO4:	take part in image compression techniques and also to implement the compression techniques in MATLAB	Analyzing (K4)	
CO5:	compare various video compression algorithms for practical applications	Evaluating (K5)	

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs						
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	3	2	3	1		
CO2	3	2	3		1	
CO3	2	3	1	2	1	
CO4	3	2	2	1		
CO5	2	2	3	1		
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substar	ntial, BT- Bloom's T	axonomy				

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT 1	20	40	40				100		
CAT 2	20	40	40				100		
CAT 3	10	40	30	10	10		100		
ESE	10	30	40	10	10		100		

20MIE03 - CLOUD COMPUTING

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Nil	1	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	Provides knowledge about basic concepts of cloud computing, types of cloud services, technologies and service providers and to understand the distinct basic cloud architecture models and advanced architecture models for
	complex environments and the security issues and threats in cloud environments.

Unit – I Cloud Computing Basics:

Introduction to Cloud Computing – Cloud computing reference model- Essential Characteristics - Benefits and challenges of cloud computing- Roles and Boundaries-Cloud Delivery Models - Deployment models -Cloud computing vendors.

Unit – II Cloud Enabling Technology:

Data Center Technology-Remote operation and management-Facilities- Computing, Storage, Network Hardware- Virtualization Technology-Types of virtualization- OS based virtualization- Hardware based Virtualization- Virtualization Management-Web Technology- Multitenant Technology- Service Technology- Case Study.

Unit – III Fundamental Cloud Architecture:

Work load Distribution architecture- Resource Pooling Architecture- Dynamic Scalability-Elastic Resource Capacity-Service load balancing-Redundant Storage Architecture- Case Study.

Unit – IV Advanced Cloud Architecture:

Hypervisor clustering architecture- Cloud Balancing architecture- Resource Reservation- Dynamic failure detection and recovery architecture-Rapid provisioning- Storage workload management architecture-Multipath resource access architecture-Cross Storage device vertical tiering architecture

Unit – V Security in Cloud:

Cloud security fundamentals- Basic terms and concepts- Threat agents- Cloud Security Threats-Encryption- Hashing- Digital Signature-Public Key Infrastructure- Identity and Access Management- Single Sign on-Cloud Based Security Groups.

Total: 45

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REFERENCES:

1. Thomas Erl, Zaigham Mahmood, Ricardo Puttini, "Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology and Architecture", 1st Edition, Prentice Hall, 2013.

2. Anthony T. Velte, Toby J. Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach", 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2010.

3 George Reese, "Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud", 1st Edition, O'Reilly, 2009.

COUR On cor	COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to		
CO1:	articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths and limitations of cloud computing	Understanding (K2)	
CO2:	illustrate the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing	Understanding (K2)	
CO3:	analyze the different cloud technologies including virtualization and web based technologies	Analyzing (K3)	
CO4:	categorize the appropriate cloud architecture for distinct functional areas.	Analyzing (K3)	
CO5:	identify the core issues of cloud computing such as security, threats and privacy.	Understanding (K2)	

	Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6			
CO1	3	2	3	2	1	2			
CO2	3	2	3			1			
CO3	3	2	3			1			
CO4	3	2	3			1			
CO5	3	2	3	2	1	2			
Slight 2 Modorate 2	Substantial PT	Bloom's Tayona	2014						

1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT 1	20	80					100		
CAT 2	10	60	10	20			100		
CAT 3	10	60	10	20			100		
ESE	10	70	10	10			100		

20MIE04 - INFORMATION THEORY AND CODING

Programme & Branch	ogramme & M.TECH. & Information Technology		Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Communication Networks./Systems	1	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	Information Theory and Coding deals with concept of information and its efficient, error-free and secure delivery of information using binary data streams. It also provides a complete understanding of error-control coding techniques
	over noisy communication channel.

Unit – I Source Coding:

Introduction to Information theory – Uncertainty and Information – Entropy and Average Mutual Information – Information Measure for Continuous Random Variables – Source coding theorem – Huffman Coding – Shannon-Fano-Elias Coding – Arithmetic Coding – Lempel – Ziv Algorithm – Run Length Encoding and the PCX Format – Rate Distortion Function

Unit – II Channel Capacity and Coding:

Introduction – Channel Model – Channel Capacity – Channel Coding – Information Capacity Theorem – Error control coding: Introduction to Error Correction Codes – Basic Definitions – Matrix Description of Linear Block Codes – Equivalent Codes – Parity Check Matrix – Decoding of Linear Block Code – Syndrome Decoding – Error Probability after Coding – Perfect Codes – Hamming Codes – Low Density Parity Check (LDPC) Codes – Optimal Linear Codes – Maximum Distance Separable (MDS) Codes

Unit – III Cyclic Codes:

Introduction to the Cyclic Codes – Polynomials – Division Algorithm for Polynomials – A Method for Generating Cyclic Codes – Matrix Description of Cyclic Codes – Burst Error Correction – Fire Codes – Golay Codes – Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) Codes – Circuit Implementation of Cyclic Codes

Unit – IV Bose-Chaudhuri Hocquenghem (BCH) Codes:

Introduction to BCH Code – Primitive Elements – Minimal Polynomials – Generator Polynomials in Terms of Minimal Polynomials – Some Examples of BCH Codes – Decoding of BCH codes – Reed-Solomon Codes – Implementation of Reed –Solomon Encoders and Decoders – Performance of RS Codes Over Real Channels – Nested Codes

Unit – V Convolutional Codes:

Introduction to Convolutional Codes – Tree Codes and Trellis Codes – Polynomial Description of Convolution Codes – Distance Notions for Convolutional Codes – The Generating Function – Matrix Description of Convolutional Codes – Viterbi Decoding and Convolutional Codes – Distance Bounds for Convolutional Codes – Turbo Codes

REFERENCES:

Total: 45

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1.	Ranjan Bose, "Information Theory, Coding and Cryptography", 2 nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
2.	Andrew J. Viterbi, Jim K. Omura, "Principles of Digital Communication and Coding", 4th Edition, Courier Corporation, 2018.
3.	John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi, "Digital Communications", 5th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2008.

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	outline the principles behind an efficient, correct and secure transmission of digital data stream	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	recognize the basics of error-coding techniques	Analyzing (K4)
CO3:	construct the knowledge about the encoding and decoding of digital data streams	Applying (K3)
CO4:	examine the performance requirements of various coding techniques	Analyzing (K4)
CO5:	take part in to conduct research in information theory by the professionals	Evaluating (K5)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1	2		3	2		3	
CO2	2		3				
CO3			3	1	2		
CO4	3	2	2				
CO5	3		2		2	3	
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT 1	20	30	40	10			100		
CAT 2	20	30	40	10			100		
CAT 3	20	30	40	10			100		
ESE	20	30	40	10			100		

20MIE05 - USER INTERFACE DESIGN

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
Prerequisites	Nil	2	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	The basic understanding of how things work in the Web world from the technology point of view as well as to give the basic overview of the different technologies for the development of web-based applications.						
Unit – I	Design and Scripting: 9						
Introduction Jumbotron –	to HTML 5 Tags - Cascading Style Sheet - Responsive Web design: overview - grid - Navbar - Table - Images - menu - form - layout - Tool tip - panel - popover -tabs - modal						
Unit – II	Introduction to Java Scripting: 9						
Control Stat validations. (JSON - Intro	Control Statements - Function - Objects - Document Object Model and Collections - Event Handling - Form handling and validations. Object-Oriented Techniques in JavaScript - Classes - Constructors and Prototyping (Sub classes and Super classes) - JSON - Introduction to AJAX						
Unit – III	Introduction to NoSQL Database: 9						
MongoDB E CRUD Opera	Environment - MongoDB : Introduction to MongoDB - RDBMS and MongoDB - Data Types in MongoDB - MongoDB ations						
Unit – IV	Introduction to Server-side JS Framework: 9						
Node JS - No setup - Crea GET and PC	eeds of Node JS - Architecture - Blocking vs. Non-Blocking - Event-driven Programming - Event Loop - Installation and ting web servers with HTTP Request and Response - Node JS Callback Pattern - Event Emitter and Event Handling - IST implementation - Modules - Implementation of CRUD operation using Node JS						
Unit – V	Introduction to Client-side JS Framework: 9						
Challenges and Needs - Merits of Model View Controller (MVC) at Client-side over Server-side - Single Page Application (SPA) - Progressive Web Application (PWA) -Introduction to Angular - Setup and Configuration - Use of Components and Modules - Elements of Templates - Work of Change Detection in Components.							
	Total: 45						

REFERENCES:

1. Deitel P, Deitel H, Deitel A. "Internet and World Wide Web - How to Program", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2012.

2. Fabio Cimo, "Bootstrap Programming Cookbook", 1st edition, Exelixis Media P.C., 2015.

3. https://www.mongodb.com/

4. Nate Murray, Felipe Coury, Ari Lerner and Carlos Taborda, "ng-book, The Complete Book on Angular 4" 1st edition, Fullstack.io, 2017.

5. Krasimir Tsonev, "Node.js by Example", 1st edition, Packt Publishing, 2015.

COUR On cor	BT Mapped (Highest Level)	
CO1:	design web pages using html ,CSS and bootstrap framework	Applying (K3)
CO2:	develop interactive web pages using Java Script	Applying (K3)
CO3:	apply CRUD operation in NoSQL, MongoDB database	Applying (K3)
CO4:	demonstrate Web application using server side scripting Node JS	Applying (K3)
CO5:	develop Component based web design using Angular JS	Applying (K3)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1	2		3	2	1	3	
CO2	3		3	1	1		
CO3	2		3		1		
CO4	3		1	1		3	
CO5	3	1	3	2	1		
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	10	20	70				100			
CAT 2	10	30	40	20			100			
CAT 3	10	25	60	5			100			
ESE	10	25	50	15			100			

20MIE06 - BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES

Programme & Branch		M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisite	s	Basics of Cryptography	2	PE	3	0	0	3
Preamble	The wi the con primitiv domair	despread popularity of digital cryptocurrencies has led the nceptual as well as application aspects of Blockchain. This res of Blockchain, the system and the security aspects, alc ns.	e founda s includ ong with	ation of Blocko es the fundam various use c	chain. T nental c ases fr	⁻ his co lesign om diff	urse co and aro erent a	vers both chitectura pplication
Unit - I	Introd	uction to Blockchain:						9
Financial tran challenges – validators – s	nsaction Comp mart co	 Ledger – trustless system – Elements of blockchain – onents and structure of blockchain: blocks – chain – ha intracts - speed – decentralization Vs distributed systems. 	- types ashing	– Byzantine C – digital signa	General atures	Proble – exar	ems – nple –	oenefits - miners -
Unit - II	Crypto	ography behind Blockchain:						9
Principles – History – Why	historica y bitcoir	al perspectives – classical cryptography- types – symmet n – keys and addresses – transactions – blocks – bitcoin ne	tric – a: etwork –	symmetric – s · wallets.	ignatur	res – h	ashing	Bitcoin
Unit - III	Conse	nsus:						9
Practical Byz Cryptocurrent Alternate Bloc	antine cy Wal ckchain	fault tolerance algorithm – Proof of Work - Proof of Silets: Introduction to cryptocurrency wallets - Transaction s.	take - ns - Tyj	Proof of Auth	ority - currenc	Proof y wall	of Elap ets – 1	osed time Tenancy -
Unit - IV	Hyper	ledger and Enterprise Blockchains:						9
History - Hy Hyperledger	perledg Indy - T	er projects - Hyperledger Burrow - Hyperledger Sawto ools in Hyperledger – Deploy a simple application on IBM c	ooth - cloud.	Hyperledger	Fabric	- Нур	erledge	r Iroha -
Unit - V	Ethere	eum:						9
Introducing E Ethereum virt	thereur ual ma	n - Components of Ethereum - Ethereum accounts - Ethe chine - Ethereum block – Ether - Basics of Solidity - Ethere	ereum n um Dev	etwork - Ethe elopment.	reum c	lients ·	Ethere	∍um gas -
REFERENCE	:s·							Total: 45
1 Brenn Hi	II, Sam	anyu Chopra, Paul Valencourt, "Blockchain Quick Refere	nce: A	guide to explo	oring d	ecentra	alized b	lockchain

1	application development", 1 st Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018.
2	Andreas Antonopoulos, "Mastering Bitcoin: Programming the open blockchain", 2 nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2017.
3	Melanie Swan, "Blockchain: Blueprint for a New Economy", 1 st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2015.

COUR On co	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1	illustrate the workings of blockchain	Applying (K2)
CO2	apply various cryptographic algorithms in blockchain	Applying (K3)
CO3	demonstrate different cryptocurrency used in blockchain	Applying (K3)
CO4	deploy a simple application using Hyperledger on IBM cloud	Applying (K3)
CO5	develop and analyze a distributed application using Ethereum and Solidity	Evaluating (K4)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs

COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		
CO1	3	1		1				
CO2	3	2		2		2		
CO3	3	2		2	1			
CO4	3	2	1	3				
CO5	3	3	2	3				
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy								

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY								
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %	
CAT1	10	40	50				100	
CAT2	10	40	50				100	
CAT3	10	40	50				100	
ESE	10	40	50				100	

20MIE07 - WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Wireless Networks	2	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	This course will cover the most recent research topics in wireless sensor networks and IPV6 transition. Topics such
	as MAC layer and PHY layer functionalities, 6LoWPAN fundamentals, routing, mobility and other advanced topics
	are precisely covered.

Unit - I IEEE 802.15.4 PHY Layer:

WSN Introduction, WPAN, network topologies, superframe structure, data transfer model, frame structure, slotted CSMA, IEEE 802.15.4 PHY: frequency range, channel assignments, minimum LIFS and SIFS periods, O-QPSK PPDU format, modulation and spreading. Simulation of data transfer model using Cooja simulator.

Unit - II IEEE 802.15.4 MAC Layer:

MAC functional description, MAC frame formats and MAC command frames, Simulation of WSN traffic model using Cooja simulator.

Unit - III 6LoWPAN Fundamentals:

6LoWPAN-Introduction, protocol stack, addressing, L2 forwarding, L3 routing, Header Compression, Fragmentation and Reassembly, Commissioning, Neighbor Discovery. Analyzing of sensor data exchange using Wireshark.

Unit - IV 6LoWPAN Mobility and Routing:

Mobility: types, Mobile IPv6, Proxy MIPv6, NEMO, Routing: Overview, ROLL, border routing, RPL, MRPL, Edge Router Integration (Cooja simulation).

Unit - V IPv6 Transition and Application Protocols:

IPv4 Interconnectivity: IPv6 transition, IPv6-in-IPv4 tunneling, application protocols: design issues, MQTT-S, ZigBee CAP.

REFERENCES:

1. "IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks, Part 15.4: Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (LR-WPANs)", IEEE Computer Society, pp.1-314,2011, doi: 10.1109/IEEESTD.2011.6012487.

2. Shelby, Zach, "6LoWPAN : The Wireless Embedded Internet", 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 2009.

 Holger Karl, Andreas Willig, "Protocols and architectures for wireless sensor networks", 1st Edition, s John Wiley & Sons Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 2005.

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Total: 45

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1	interpret the physical layer functionalities of IEEE 802.15.4 sensor devices	Understanding (K2)
CO2	analyze MAC frame modeling of IEEE 802.15.4 sensor devices	Analyzing (K4)
CO3	analyze 6LoWPAN architecture	Analyzing (K4)
CO4	validate the routing protocol performance of 6LoWPAN devices	Evaluating (K5)
CO5	apply IPV6 protocols for IoT applications	Applying (K3)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1				3			
CO2	3	3				3	
CO3	3	3			3	3	
CO4		3					
CO5 3							
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT 1	30	70					100		
CAT 2	15	40	40	5			100		
CAT 3	15	30	50	5			100		
ESE	15	60	20	5			100		

20MIE08 - MULTICORE ARCHITECTURES

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Computer Architecture and Organization	2	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble This course will introduce the students to the world of multi-core computer architectures and focuses on delivering an in-depth exposure in memory-subsystems and interconnects and few introductory sessions on advanced superscalar processors.

Unit – I Fundamentals of Quantitative Design and Analysis:

Classes of Computers - Trends in Technology, Power, Energy and Cost - Dependability - Measuring, Reporting and Summarizing Performance - Quantitative Principles of Computer Design - Classes of Parallelism - ILP, DLP, TLP and RLP - Multi Threading - SMT and CMP Architectures - Limitations of Single Core Processors - The MultiCore era - Case Studies of Multi Core Architectures.

Unit – II Memory Hierarchy Design:

Introduction - Optimizations of Cache Performance - Memory Technology and Optimizations - Protection: Virtual Memory and Virtual Machines - Design of Memory Hierarchies - Case Studies

Unit – III DLP in Vector, SIMD and GPU Architectures: Vector:

Architectures - SIMD Instruction Set Extensions for Multimedia - Graphics Processing Units - Detecting and Enhancing Loop Level Parallelism - Case Studies.

Unit – IV TLP and Multiprocessors:

Symmetric and Distributed Shared Memory Architectures - Cache Coherence Issues - Performance Issues - Synchronization Issues - Models of Memory Consistency - Inter Connection Networks - Buses, Crossbar and Multi-stage Interconnection Networks.

Unit – V RLP and DLP in Warehouse Scale Architectures:

Programming Models and Workloads for Warehouse scale Computers - Architecture for Warehouse scale computing - Domain Specific Architectures: Introduction - Guidelines for DSAs- Example Domain: Deep Neural Network - Google's Tensor Processing Unit - An interface Data Center Accelerator.

REFERENCES:

1. John L. Hennessey, David A. Patterson, "Computer Architecture – A Quantitative Approach", 6th Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier, 2017.

2. Kai Hwang, "Advanced Computer Architecture", 1st edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2003.

3. Richard Y. Kain, "Advanced Computer Architecture: A Systems Design Approach", 1st edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.

4. David E. Culler, Jaswinder Pal Singh, "Parallel Computing Architecture: A Hardware/ Software Approach", 1st edition, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier, 2013.

Total: 45

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COUR On cor	BT Mapped (Highest Level)	
CO1:	investigate the limitations of ILP and the need for multi core architectures	Analyzing (K4)
CO2:	describe the hierarchical memory system	Understanding (K2)
CO3:	summarize the salient features of different multi core architectures and how they exploit parallelism	Understanding (K2)
CO4:	critically analyze the different types of inter connection networks	Analyzing (K4)
CO5:	compare the architectures of GPUs, Warehouse scale computers and Domain specific architecture	Analyzing (K4)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		
CO1	1	1			3			
CO2	1	2				3		
CO3	2	2		2				
CO4	2	2			3			
CO5	3	3				3		
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy								

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY							
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %
CAT 1	10	20	50	20			100
CAT 2	30	50	20				100
CAT 3	30	50	20				100
ESE	20	30	30	20			100

		20MIE09 - DISTRIBUTED SYST	EMS					
Programme Branch	&	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisite	es (Computer Networks	2	PE	3	3		
Preamble	Provide p Replication	principles of distributed systems, including desig on and handling of failures in distributed environment.	in and	d architecture,	algorith	ms, loc	cking, r	ecovery,
Unit – I	Introduc	tion:						9
Characteristi architecture-	cs- Desigi Example	n goals- Types of distributed systems- Architectures: Are architecture- the network file system.	chitectu	re styles- Mide	dleware	organi	zation	· System
Unit – II	Process	:						9
Threads- Vir oriented com	rtualizatior municatio	n- Clients- Servers- Code migration. Communications: on- multicast communication.	Founda	ations- Remot	e proc	edure	call- N	lessage-
Unit – III	Naming:							9
Names, iden Logical clock	ntifiers, ad s- Mutual	dresses- flat naming- Structured naming- attribute base Exclusion- Election algorithms- Location systems.	ed nam	ing. Coordina	ition: (Clock s	ynchro	nization-
Unit – IV	Consiste	Consistency and Replication: 9						
Introduction ·	-Data-cen	tric consistency models- Client-centric consistency models	s- Replie	ca managemei	nt- Con	sistenc	y Proto	cols
Unit – V	Fault To	lerance:						9
Introduction-	Process	resilience. Reliable client-server communication. Reli	iable a		ication	Dietri	butod	commit-

Introduction Reliable client-server communication- Reliable group communication-Distributed Proce resilience Recovery

REFERENCES:

1. Maarten van Steen and Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Distributed Systems", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2017.

2. Brendan Burns, "Designing Distributed Systems", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media Inc., 2018.

Total: 45

COUR On cor	COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to		
CO1:	gain knowledge about the technologies in distributed environment	Understanding (K2)	
CO2:	develop applications in the area of distributed systems (RMI, RPC)	Applying (K3)	
CO3:	demonstrate various naming and coordination mechanisms	Evaluating (K5)	
CO4:	demonstrate how consistency and replication are handled in distributed environment	Evaluating (K5)	
CO5:	explain the concept of fault tolerance	Applying (K3)	

	Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs										
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6					
CO1	3					1					
CO2		3	3								
CO3	3		3	1	2						
CO4				3		2					
CO5				3		2					
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy											

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY								
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %	
CAT 1	20	60	20				100	
CAT 2	20	50	20	10			100	
CAT 3	20	50	20	10			100	
ESE	20	50	20	10			100	

20MIE10 - INFORMATION STORAGE MANAGEMENT

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Computer Networks and Database Management Systems	2	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	Information storage management offers essential details about various storage systems, storage networking technologies and business continuity solutions along with management techniques in order to store, manage, and
	protect digital information in classic, virtualized, and cloud environments

Unit – I Storage Systems:

Introduction to evolution of storage architecture, key data center elements, virtualization, and cloud computing. Components of storage system environments – Host (or computer), connectivity, storage, and application in both classic and virtual environments. RAID implementations, techniques and levels along with the impact of RAID on application performance. Components of intelligent storage provisioning and intelligent storage implementations.

Unit – II Storage Networking Technologies:

: Fibre channel SAN components, connectivity options, and topologies including access protection mechanism —Zoning, FC protocol stack, addressing operations, SAN-based virtualization and VSAN technology, iSCS and FCIP protocols for storage access over IP network, Converged protocol FCoE and its components Network Attached Storage (NAS) – components, protocol and operations, File level storage virtualization. Object based storage and unified storage platform.

Unit – III Backup, Archive and Replication:

Business continuity terminologies, planning and solutions, clustering and multipathing architecture to avoid single points of failure, Backup and recovery – methods, targets and topologies, Data duplication and backup in virtualized environment, Fixed content and data archive, Local replication in classic virtual environments, Remote replication in classic and virtual environment.

Unit – IV Cloud Computing:

Business drivers for Cloud computing, Definition of Cloud computing, Characteristics of cloud computing, Steps involved in transitioning from Classic data center to Cloud computing environment services and deployment models, Cloud infrastructure components, Cloud migration considerations.

Unit – V Securing and Managing Storage Infrastructure:

Security threats, and countermeasures in various domains security solutions for FC-SAN, IP-SAN and NS environments, Security in virtualized and cloud environment, Monitoring and managing various information infrastructure components in classic and virtual environments, Information lifecycle management (ILM) and storage tiering, Cloud service management activities

REFERENCES:

1. EMC Corporation, "Information Storage and Management", 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2012.

2. Robert Spalding, "Storage Networks: The Complete Reference", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 2003.

3. Marc Farley, "Building Storage Networks", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 2001.

Total: 45

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COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	explore the various storage systems and RAID implementations	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	identify various storage networking technologies and its components	Applying (K3)
CO3:	apply business continuity solutions – backup and replication, and archive for managing fixed content	Applying (K3)
CO4:	describe the fundamentals of cloud storage environment	Understanding (K2)
CO5:	explain the storage security framework and discuss the storage monitoring and management activities	Understanding (K2)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5								
CO1	3	1		2				
CO2		3	2	1				
CO3	1	1	2	3				
CO4		3		1				
CO5	2	3						
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy								

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY								
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %	
CAT 1	10	50	40				100	
CAT 2	10	60	30				100	
CAT 3	20	20	40	20			100	
ESE	20	30	30	20			100	

20MIE11 - MODERN INFORMATION RETRIEVAL TECHNIQUES

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	DBMS, DWDM, Web Technology	2	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	Information Retrieval Techniques discusses about the basic concepts of IR, and various modeling techniques with different ways of indexing and searching mechanisms to build a text or multimedia based IR system.						
Unit – I	Introduction and Classic IR Models: 9						
: Information – Boolean M Semantic Inc	Retrieval - The IR Problem - The IR System - Search Interfaces Today - Visualization in Search Interfaces - Modeling Model – Term Weighting – TF-IDF Weighting – Vector Model – Set Theoretic Models – Algeraic Models – Latent Jexing Model – Neural Network Model - Probabilistic Models - Retrieval Evaluation – Retrieval Metrics.						
Unit – II	Relevance Feedback, Languages and Query Properties: 9						
A Framework for feedback methods - Explicit Relevance feedback - Implicit feedback through local analysis - Global analysis - Documents: Metadata - Documents formats - Queries - Query Language – Query Properties.							
Unit – III	Text Operations, Indexing and Searching: 9						
Text Properties - Document Preprocessing - Text Compression – Text Classification – Characterization of Text Classification – Unsupervised Algorithms – Supervised Algorithms – Decision Tree – K-NN Classifier – SVM Classifier – Feature Selection or Dimensionality Reduction – Evaluation Metrics – Accuracy and Error – Indexing and Searching – Inverted Indexes – Sequential Searching – Multidimensional Indexing.							
Unit – IV	Web Retrieval and Web Crawling: 9						
The Web – S Interaction – Scheduling A	Search Engine Architectures – Cluster Based Architecture – Distributed Architectures – Search Engine Ranking – User Browsing – Web Crawling – Applications of a Web Crawler – Taxonomy – Architecture and Implementation – Algorithms – Evaluation.						
Llnit _ V	Applications:						

Unit – V Applications:

Enterprise Search - Tasks - Architecture – Library Systems – Online Public Access Catalogues – IR System and Document Databases – Digital Libraries – Architecture and Fundamentals.

REFERENCES:

1. Ricardo Baeza-Yate, Berthier Ribeiro-Neto, "Modern Information Retrieval", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2011.

2. Chowdhury G.G., "Introduction to Modern Information Retrieval", 2nd Edition, Neal-Schuman Publishers, 2003.

3. Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin, "Speech and Language Processing", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2000.

Total: 45

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)		
CO1:	describe the basic concepts of information retrieval	Understanding (K2)		
CO2:	apply the various modeling techniques	Applying (K3)		
CO3:	discuss the concepts of feedback, languages and query properties	Understanding (K2)		
CO4:	create an IR application by using text-based indexing and searching mechanisms	Creating (K5)		
CO5:	design a simple search engine	Applying (K3)		

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs **PO1** COs/POs PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 **PO6** CO1 2 3 CO2 3 CO3 3 CO4 3 2 CO5 3 2 1 2 1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY											
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %				
CAT 1	10	50	40				100				
CAT 2	10	60	30				100				
CAT 3		20	40	20	20		100				
ESE	10	30	30	20	10		100				
20MIE12 - MOBILE AND WIRELESS SECURITY

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Computer Networks	2	PE	3	0	0	3

Unit – I	Introduction to Mobile and Wireless Networks:	ç	,
Preamble	The objective of this course is to have better knowledge on security issues, applications, attacks and security in wireless and mobile communications.	issues	;

Unit – I Introduction to Mobile and Wireless Networks:

Cellular Networks, 1G through 3G, IEEE Networks - WLAN IEEE 802.11, WPAN IEEE 802.15, WMAN IEEE 802.16, IEEE 802.20, MIH IEEE 802.21, WRAN IEEE 802.22, Mobile Internet Networks – Macro and Micro mobility – Personal mobility – SIP – Identity based mobility, NEMO and MANETs - Vulnerabilities in wireless communications -security basics - symmetric and asymmetric cryptography, Hash functions – Electronic signatures – MAC – PKI and electronic certificate – IPSec – AAA protocol – Firewalls – Intrusion detection.

Unit – II Wi-Fi Security Architectures:

Hot Spot architecture – WIDS – Rogue AP detection – IEEE 802.11 geolocation techniques – Honeypots –Bluetooth Security – Protocol architecture - Radio physical layer - Device addressing - SCO and ACL logical transports - Security mode -Authentication and pairing – Attacks – BlueSmack – WiFi Security-Passive and Active attacks – DOS attacks – Trojan attack – Dictionary Attack.

IEEE 802.11 and WiMaX Security: Unit – III

Security in IEEE 802.11 - WEP - WEP2 - IV collisions - RC4 weakness - 802.1x authentication - 802.11i security architecture policy negotiation - radio security policies - RADIUS - EAP - PKI - WiMAX security - TEK - KEK - IEEE 802.16e - PKMv2-RSA Security Association – 3 way handshake – role of smart cards in WiMAX.

Unit – IV Security in Adhoc Networks:

Attacks to routing protocols - Security mechanisms - Auto-configuration - Key management - Self-managed PKI - Resurrecting Duckling - Group key management - Wireless Sensor Networks - Attacks - Preventive mechanisms - Intrusion tolerance - SNEP µTELSA – TinySec – key management in WSNs.

Unit – V Security in Mobile Telecommunication Networks:

Signaling system 7 (SS7) – GSM security – GRPS security – UMTS infrastructure and security – H.323 – SIP – Megaco – VoIP security flaws and countermeasure - IMS architecture - security flaws - 4G security - Protection of interception - Security issues in Mobile IP - HIP - NetLMM.

REFERENCES:

Hakima Chaouchi, Maryline Laurent- Maknavicius, "Wireless and Mobile Network Security: Security basics, Security in On-theshelf and Emerging Technologies", 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2009.

2. Pallapa Venkataram, Sathish Babu, "Wireless and Mobile Network Security", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.

Amitabh Mishra, "Security and Quality of Service in Ad Hoc and Wireless Networks", 1st Edition, Cambridge University Press, 3. 2008.

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Total: 45

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	describe the physical and logical design of IoT and identify the appropriate IoT level and develop design methodologies for a given application	Applying (K3)
CO2:	explain the architecture, need for middleware and the role of different standardization protocols	Understanding (K2)
CO3:	recall the basic concepts and packages of Python related to IoT for interfacing with IoT devices	Applying (K3)
CO4:	develop simple real time applications, upload the data onto the cloud and perform data analytics	Applying (K3)
CO5:	identify the security threats against a given IoT system and suggest simple countermeasures	Understanding (K2)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		
CO1	2		3					
CO2	1	3						
CO3			3					
CO4			3	3	2			
CO5		2	3		2			
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Su	ubstantial, BT- Bloor	n's Taxonomy						

	ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY								
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT 1	10	50	40				100		
CAT 2	10	60	30				100		
CAT 3		20	40	20	20		100		
ESE	10	30	30	20	10		100		

20MIE13 - SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Nil	3	PE	3	0	0	3

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Unit – I Graph Theory and Social Networks :

Graphs: Basic Definitions- Paths and Connectivity- Distance and Breadth First Search-Network Dataset: An overview. Strong and Weak Ties: Triadic Closure- The Strength of Weak Ties- Tie Strength and Network Structure in Large Scale Data- Tie Strength, Social Media, and Passive Engagement- Closure, Structural Holes, and Social Capital. Networks in their Surrounding Contexts: Homophily – Mechanism Underlying Homophily-Selection and Social Influence- Affiliation. Positive and Negative Relationships: Structural Balance- Characterizing the Structure of Balanced Networks - Application of Structural Balance - A Weaker Form of Structural Balance

Unit – II Game Theory and Interaction in Networks:

Games: What is Game- Reasoning about Behavior in Game- Best Responses and Dominant Strategies- Nash Equilibrium- Multiple Equilibria- Coordination Games, The Hawk-Dove Game-Mixed Strategies-Examples and Empirical Analysis- Pareto Optimality and Social Optimality. Evolutionary Game Theory: Fitness as a Result of interaction- Evolutionarily Stable Strategies- A General Description of Evolutionarily Stable Strategies- Relationship between Evolutionarily and Nash Equilibria- Evolutionarily Stable Mixed Strategies. Modeling Network Traffic using Game Theory: Traffic at Equilibrium- Braess's Paradox. Matching Markets: Bipartite Graphs and Perfect Matchings-Valuations and Optimal Assignments.

Unit – III Information Networks and the World Wide Web:

The Structure of the Web: The World Wide Web- Information Networks, Hypertext, and Associative Memory- The Web as a Directed Graph- The Bow-Tie Structure of the Web. Link Analysis and Web Search: Searching the Web: The problem of Ranking-Link Analysis using Hubs and Authorities- Page Rank- Applying Link Analysis in Modern Web Search.

Unit – IV Network Dynamics - Population Models:

Information Cascades: Following the Crowd- A Simple Herding Experiment- Bayes Rule: A model of Decision Making-Making under Uncertainty- Baye's Rule in the Herding Experiment- A Simple, General Cascade Model- Sequential Decision Making and Cascades. Network Effects: The Economy Without Network Effects- The Economy with Network Effects- Stability, Instability and Tipping Points- A Dynamic View of the Market- Industries with Network Goods- Mixing Individual Effects with Population-Level Effects. Power Laws and Rich-Get-Richer Phenomena: Popularity as Network Phenomenon-Power Laws- Rich-Get-Richer Models-The Unpredictability of Rich-Get-Richer Model-The Long Tail-The Effect of Search Tools and Recommendation Systems.

Unit – V Network Dynamics – Structural Models:

Cascading Behavior in Networks: Diffusion in Network-Modeling diffusion through a Network- Cascades and Clusters- Diffusion, Thresholds, and the Role of Weak Ties- Extensions of the Basic Cascade Model- Knowledge, Thresholds and Collective Action. The Small-World Phenomenon: Six Degrees of Separation- Structure and Randomness- Decentralized Search- Modeling the process of Decentralized Search- Empirical Analysis and Generalized Models- Core Periphery Structures and Difficulties in Decentralized Search. Epidemics: Diseases and the Networks that transmit them-Branching Processes- The SIR Epidemic Model-The SIS Epidemic Model- Synchronization- Transient Contacts and the Danger of Concurrency.

REFERENCES:

Total: 45

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- David Easley, Jon Klienberg, "Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning about a Highly Connected World", 1st edition, 1. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- Stanley Wasserman, Katherine Faust, "Social Networks Analysis: Methods and Applications", Cambridge University Press, 2. 2010.

Charles Kadushin, "Understanding Social Networks: Theories, Concepts, and Findings", 1st edition, Oxford University Press, 3. 2012.

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	apply the concepts of graph theory for analysis of social networks distribution	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	utilize game theory for decision making in the context of social networking	Applying (K3)
CO3:	compare and contrast different link analysis and web search techniques	Understanding (K2)
CO4:	analyze network behavior based on population model	Applying (K3)
CO5:	investigate the aggregate behavior of the social networks based on structural model	Applying (K3)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		
CO1	2		2	3				
CO2	2		2	3				
CO3	2		2	3	2			
CO4	2		2	3				
CO5		3	2	2				
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Subs	stantial. BT- Bloom's Ta	axonomv						

	ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY								
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT 1	20	50	30				100		
CAT 2	20	50	30				100		
CAT 3	20	50	30				100		
ESE	20	40	40				100		

20MIE14 - DATA MINING TECHNIQUES

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Database Management Systems	3	PE	3	0	0	3

Unit – I	Introduction:	9
Preamble	This course provides students with an overview of the data mining process and techniques for preprocessing. It make the students to gain knowledge of various data mining techniques and also prepare them for taking researce the area of data mining and its applications.	also ch in

Unit – I Introduction:

Data Mining-Steps in Knowledge Discovery Process- Kinds of Data and Patterns - Technologies used-Targeted applications -Major issues in Data Mining - Data objects and attribute types - Statistical descriptions of data - Data Visualization- Measuring data similarity and dissimilarity.

Unit – II Data Preprocessing :

Data Cleaning, Integration, Reduction, Transformation and Discretization, Mining Frequent Patterns - Frequent Itemset Mining Methods

Unit – III Classification:

Tree Induction-Bayesian Classification - Rule based Classification - classification by Back Propagation - Support Decision Vector Machines – Lazy Learners – Model Evaluation and Selection - Techniques to improve Classification Accuracy - k-Nearest Neighbor Classifier.

Unit – IV **Clusters Analysis:**

Partitioning Methods - Hierarchical Methods - Density based Methods - Grid based Methods - Evaluation of Clustering - Outliers and Outlier analysis - Outlier detection Methods - Statistical Approaches.

Unit – V Applications:

Mining Complex data types - Statistical Data Mining - Data Mining foundations - Visual and Audio Data Mining - Applications Ubiquitous and invisible Data Mining - Social impacts of Data Mining.

REFERENCES:

Total: 45 (3-0-0-3)

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1. Han Jiawei, Kamber Micheline, "Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques", 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.

2. Berson Alex, Smith Stephen J, "Data Warehousing, Data Mining and OLAP", 1st edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.

3. Gupta G.K., "Introduction to Data Mining with Case Studies", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall India, New Delhi, 2011.

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	describe the different data mining techniques and identify different types of data	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	apply data preprocessing and frequent itemset mining methods for the given problem.	Applying (K3)
CO3:	Summarize the characteristics of classification methods and use them for solving a problem	Applying (K3)
CO4:	summarize and demonstrate the working of different clustering and outlier methods	Applying (K3)
CO5:	Comprehend the role of data mining in various applications	Understanding (K2)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1	3	1	1				
CO2	3	1	1				
CO3	2	1	3				
CO4	2		3				
CO5	1	1	3	1		2	
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	30	50	20				100			
CAT 2	35	35	30				100			
CAT 3	30	40	30				100			
ESE	30	40	30				100			

20MIE15 - DEEP LEARNING TECHNIQUES

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Fundamental concepts of Algorithms and computer programming	3	PC	3	0	0	3
Preamble D tr n	eep Learning is a subfield of machine learning concerned whe brain called artificial neural networks. This course explore eural networks and its various architectures such as convolutional networks and its various architectures such as convolutional networks.	vith algorith pres the fur itional neura	ms inspired by ndamentals co al networks, re	/ the stincepts	ructure in the neural	and fu design networ	nction of of deep ks etc.
Unit – I F	oundations of Deep Learning:						9
Introduction – regression – E parameters.	Math behind machine learning – Linear Algebra – Statis valuating Models – Neural Networks – Training Neural Ne	stics – How tworks – Ad	v does Machir ctivation function	ne Lear ons – L	ning w .oss fur	orks – nctions	Logistic – Hyper
Unit- II	Architectural Design:						
Defining Deep functions - Op encoders.	Learning – Common Architectural Principles of Deep Network of the second structure of the second sec	orks: Paran s of Deep I	neters – Layer Networks: RBN	s - Acti //S-Auto	vation f	unctior ders-Va	ns - Loss ariational
Unit - III T	ypes of Deep Networks:						9
Unsupervised Networks – Ap	pretrained Networks – Convolutional Neural Networks (CN plications.	INs) – Rec	urrent Neural	Networl	ks – Re	ecursiv	e Neural
Unit - IV C	onvolutional Neural Networks:						9
Pooling layers encoder - 1D RNNs – Chara	 Batch Normalization – padding and strides – Different ty to CNN to text. Recurrent Neural Networks: Implementing acter-level text generation. 	pes of initia a simple R	lization – imple NN – Adding	ementin LSTM -	g a cor - GRUs	nvolutic - Bidi	onal auto irectional
Unit - V	ase Studies:						9

Large scale deep learning – Computer vision – speech recognition – natural language processing – implementation.

Total: 45

REFERENCES:

1.	Josh Patterson, Adam Gibson, "Deep Learning – A Practitioner's Approach", 1 st Edition, O'Reilly Series, 2017.
2.	Indra den Bakker, "Python Deep Learning Cookbook", 1 st Edition, Packt Publishing, October 2017.
3.	lan Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", 1 st Edition, MIT Press, 2016.

COUR On cor	COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to				
CO1:	outline the basic concepts in the design of neural networks	Understanding (K2)			
CO2:	demonstrate the significant functionalities of various components present in the deep networks	Understanding (K2)			
CO3:	design and explore the architecture of various types of deep networks	Applying (K3)			
CO4:	build different kinds of deep networks using Tensorflow / keras frameworks	Applying (K3)			
CO5:	relate the use of deep networks in different practical applications	Analyzing (K4)			

	Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6			
CO1	3	1	1			3			
CO2	3	1	1						
CO3	2	1	3		2				
CO4	2		3						
CO5	1	2	1	3		2			
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy									

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	20	30	40	10			100			
CAT 2	20	30	40	10			100			
CAT 3	20	30	40	10			100			
ESE	20	30	40	10			100			

20MIE16 - MOBILE AND PERVASIVE COMPUTING

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Network design and Technologies	3	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble This course provides an understanding of wireless and mobile communication concepts through various layers of mobile networking. It also helps to realize the pervasive and context aware computing architectures, systems and applications.

Unit – I Introduction to Wireless Environment:

Introduction to wireless communication-Wireless Transmission- Medium Access Control- Wireless MAC protocols – Comparison of 2G, 3G,4G looking ahead 5G systems

Unit - II Mobile Communication:

GSM - Bluetooth - Mobile network layer-Mobile transport layer - File system support for mobility support - Mobile execution environments and applications.

Unit - III Pervasive Communication:

Pervasive computing principles - Characteristics of pervasive computing environments - Applications and case study - Pervasive Web Application architecture - Pervasive computing and web based applications - Voice enabling pervasive computing- PDA in pervasive computing- User interface issues in pervasive computing.

Unit - IV Context Aware Computing:

Structure and Elements of Context-aware Pervasive Systems: Abstract architecture – Infrastructures - Middleware and toolkits, Context-aware mobile services: Context for mobile device users – Location-based services- Ambient service- Enhancing Context-aware mobile services and Context aware artifacts.

Unit - V Context-Aware Pervasive System:

Context-aware sensor networks – A framework for Context aware sensors – Context-aware security systems – Constructing Context-aware pervasive system- Future of Content aware systems.

REFERENCES:

1.	Schiller Jochen, "Mobile Communication", 2 nd Edition, PHI/Pearson Education, 2009.
2.	Burkhardt Jochen, Henn Horst, Hepper Stefan, Schaec Thomas, Rindtorff Klaus, "Pervasive Computing Technology and
	Architecture of Mobile Internet Applications", 1 st Edition ,Addison Wesley, 2007.

3. Seng Loke, "Context-Aware Pervasive Systems: Architectures for a New Breed of Applications", 1st Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2006.

Total: 45

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	describe the operation and performance of wireless protocols	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	summarize the concepts and principles of various mobile communication technologies	Understanding (K2)
CO3:	demonstrate the working of protocols that support mobility	Understanding (K2)
CO4:	illustrate architecture of pervasive computing and identify the applicability of pervasive computing	Applying (K3)
CO5:	explain the concepts of context aware computing and pervasive system	Understanding (K2)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1	2	2				3	
CO2	3	2				2	
CO3	2	3					
CO4	2	3	1			2	
CO5	3	2	1				
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	30	70					100			
CAT 2	10	40	40	10			100			
CAT 3	10	30	50	10			100			
ESE	10	60	20	10			100			

20MIE17 - WEB ANALYTICS AND DEVELOPMENT

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Nil	4	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	Explore the role of web data and analysis tools to perform web analysis to make efficient web search as well as for information retrieval.									
Unit – I	Web Analytics: 9									
Introduction t Mapping - Mo	Introduction to Social media and network - Social Media: New Technologies of Collaboration - Social Network Analysis Measuring - Mapping - Modeling Collections of Connections - Search Engine Optimization.									
Unit - II	NodeXL: 9									
Getting Start	ed with NodeXL - Layout - Visual Design - Labeling - Calculating and Visualizing Network – Metrics.									
Unit - III	Social Media Network Analysis: 9									
Email - Twitte Networks.	er: Nuts and Bolts - Networks - Acquiring Data - Discovery - Visualizing and Interpreting - Facebook - YouTube - Wiki									
Unit - IV	Web Analytics 2.0: 9									
Introduction Practical Solu	- Optimal Strategy: Steps to Predetermining Your Future Success - Click stream analysis: Introduction- Metrics - utions.									
Unit - V	Competitive Intelligence Analysis: 9									
CI Data Sources, Types, and Secrets - Website Traffic Analysis-Search and Keyword Analysis - Audience Identification and Segmentation Analysis - Emerging Analytics: Analyzing Offline Customer Experiences - Measuring the Success of Blogs - Optimal Solutions for Hidden Web Analytics.										

REFERENCES:

1. Derek Hansen, Ben Shneiderman, Marc Smith, "Analyzing Social Media Networks with NodeXL: Insights from a Connected World", 1st Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2010,

2. Avinash Kaushik, "Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability", 1st Edition, Sybex, 2009.

Total: 45

COUR On co	SE OUTCOMES: mpletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	gain knowledge about web analytics	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	elaborate the process of node xl	Understanding(K2)
CO3:	demonstrate the social media analysis	Applying(K3)
CO4:	outline the fundamental concepts of web analytics 2.0	Understanding(K2)
CO5:	apply the competitive intelligence techniques to perform web analysis	Applying(K3)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs							
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	
CO1	3		2				
CO2	3		2	1			
CO3	3	2	3	2	2		
CO4	2		3	1		2	
CO5	3	2	3	2	2		
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	30	40	30				100			
CAT 2	20	40	40				100			
CAT 3	20	40	40				100			
ESE	20	40	40				100			

20MIE18 - DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING AND COMPUTER VISION

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites Digital Signal Processing		4	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	To analyze the images in frequency domain and to perform various operations like enhancement, Resto Compression, Registration and Multi resolution analysis.	ratior	١,			
Unit – I	Image Transforms:		9			
Orthogonal transforms – FT, DST, DCT, Hartley, Walsh hadamard, Haar, Radon, Slant Wavelet, KL, SVD and their properties.						
Unit - II	Image Enhancement and Restoration:		a			

Unit - II Image Enhancement and Restoration:

Image enhancement - Point operations - contrast stretching - clipping and thresholding - digital negative intensity level slicing - bit extraction. Histogram processing - histogram equalisation -modification. Spatial operations - smoothing spatial filters, sharpening spatial filters. Transform operations. Color image enhancement. Image Restoration - degradation model, Noise models, Unconstrained and Constrained restoration, Inverse filtering - removal of blur caused by uniform linear motion, Wiener filtering, Restoration by SVD and Homomorphic filtering

Unit - III Image Compression:

Image Compression - Need for data compression - Run length encoding - Huffman coding - Arithmetic coding - predictive coding- transform based compression, - vector quantization - block truncation coding. Image Segmentation: Point, Edge and line detection -thresholding-Region based approach Image Representation: boundary based - region based and intensity based description

Unit - IV **Registration and Multivalued Image Processing:**

Registration – geometric transformation – registration by mutual information Mutivalued image processing – colour image processing - colour image enhancement- satellite image processing- radiometric correction - other errors- multi spectral image enhancement- medical image processing – image fusion.

Unit - V Wavelets and Multiresolution Processing:

Image Pyramids – Subband coding – The Haar Transform – Multiresolution Expansion – Series Expansion – Scaling Function – Wavelet Function – Wavelet Transform in One Dimension- The Wavelet Series Expansion – The Discrete Wavelet Transform – The Continuous Wavelet Transform – The Fast Wavelet Transform – Wavelet transform in two dimensions– Applications in image denoising and compression.

REFERENCES:

Total: 45

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1.	Gonzalez Rafel C., Woods Richard E., "Digital Image Processing", 4th Edition, Prentice Hall, New York, 2017.
2.	Chanda B., Dutta Majumder D., "Digital Image Processing and Analysis", 2 nd Edition, PHI Learning, 2011.
3.	Abdeljalil Ouahabi, "Signal and Image Multiresolution Analysis", 1 st edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2012.
4.	Rosenfield Azriel, Kak Avinash C., "Digital Picture Processing", 2 nd Edition, Academic Press Inc., New York, 1982.

COUR On cor	BT Mapped (Highest Level)	
CO1:	implement the image enhancement and image restoration techniques	Applying (K3)
CO2:	model the systems to enhance and restore the image optimally	Applying (K3)
CO3:	apply the coding technique to perform compression of images	Applying (K3
CO4:	apply the concepts of registration to fuse images of various modalities	Applying (K3)
CO5:	analyze the images in one dimension and two dimension simultaneously	Analyzing (K4)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs									
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6			
CO1	3	1				1			
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	1			
CO3	3	2	2		2				
CO4	3	2	1	1	2	1			
CO5	3	2	1		2	1			
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy									

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	20	40	40				100			
CAT 2	20	40	40				100			
CAT 3	10	30	30	30			100			
ESE	10	40	40	10			100			

20MIE19 -ADVANCED PARALLEL ARCHITECTURE AND PROGRAMMING

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Ρ	Credit
Prerequisites	Computer Architecture, C Programming	4	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	Provide principles of GPU computer architecture with programming environments and architectural asp modern GPUs, with a special focus on their streaming parallel nature, writing programs on the GPU using hi languages like CUDA.	ects of gh level				
Unit – I	Introduction:	9				
Overview of	supercomputing - Understanding parallelism with GPUs - CUDA hardware overview- Setting up CUDA					
Unit - II	Memory handling with CUDA:	9				
Introduction	Introduction – caches - shared memory - Constant memory - Global memory - Texture Memory					
Unit - III	CUDA in Practice:	9				
Introduction solutions	-Serial and Parallel code - Processing datasets - Profiling - An example using AES - Multi-CPU and Mu	ılti-GPU				
Unit - IV	Optimizing Application:	9				
Parallel/Seria	al GPU/CPU - Memory considerations – Transfers - Thread usage - Calculations and Divergence – Algorithms					
Unit - V	Designing GPU-Based Systems:	9				
Introduction	- CPU Processor - GPU Device - Mass storage - Power Consideration					

REFERENCES:

Total: 45

1. Shane Cook, "CUDA Programming: A Developers guide to parallel computing with GPUs", 1st edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2013.

2. John Cheng, Max Grossman, Ty McKercher, "Professional CUDA C Programming", 1st edition ,John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2014.

COUR On cor	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	describe about the parallel programming with GPUs	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	explain about CUDA memory handling techniques	Applying (K3)
CO3:	write programs using CUDA	Applying (K3)
CO4:	implement the optimized application using CUDA	Applying (K3)
CO5:	explain the GPU based system and its issues and solutions	Understanding (K2)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs									
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6			
CO1	3		2	2					
CO2	2		3						
CO3	1		2	3	2				
CO4	1		2	3	3	3			
CO5			2	2	3				
1 – Slight	. 2 – Moderate, 3 –	Substantial, BT-	Bloom's Taxonom	V					

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT 1	30	40	30				100		
CAT 2	10	40	50				100		
CAT 3	20	40	40				100		
ESE	20	40	40				100		

20MIE20 - NATURE INSPIRED COMPUTING

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Ρ	Credit
Prerequisites	Linear algebra and Calculus	4	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	This course helps the learners to understand the algorithms that are inspired by naturally occurring phenomena. The focus is on abstracting nature inspired techniques which influence computing.
Unit – I	Introduction to Algorithms: 9
Newton's Me History of M Algorithms -	ethod – Optimization - Search for Optimality - No-Free-Lunch Theorems - Nature-Inspired Metaheuristics - Brief Metaheuristics. Analysis of Algorithms: Introduction - Analysis of Optimization Algorithms - Nature-Inspired Parameter Tuning and Parameter Control.
Unit - II	Simulated Annealing: 9
Annealing ar - SA Behav Operators -	nd Boltzmann Distribution - Parameters - SA Algorithm - Unconstrained Optimization - Basic Convergence Properties ior in Practice - Stochastic Tunneling. Genetic Algorithms : Introduction - Genetic Algorithms - Role of Genetic Choice of Parameters - GA Variants - Schema Theorem - Convergence Analysis.
Unit - III	Particle Swarm Optimization: 9
Swarm Intell Optimizatio	igence - PSO Algorithm - Accelerated PSO – Implementation - Convergence Analysis - Binary PSO. Cat Swarm n: Natural Process of the Cat Swarm - Optimization Algorithm – Flowchart - Performance of the CSO Algorithm.
Unit - IV	TLBO Algorithm: 9
Introduction Style - Detai - Capabilities of the Bat Al	 Mapping a Classroom into the Teaching-Learning-Based optimization – Flowchart. Cuckoo Search: Cuckoo Life Is of COA – flowchart - Cuckoos' Initial Residence Locations - Cuckoos' Egg Laying Approach - Cuckoos Immigration s of COA. Bat Algorithms: Echolocation of Bats - Bat Algorithms – Implementation - Binary Bat Algorithms - Variants gorithm - Convergence Analysis.
Unit - V	Other Algorithms: 9
Ant Algorithr	ns - Bee-Inspired Algorithms - Harmony Search - Hybrid Algorithms.
REFERENC	Total: 45

1. Xin-She Yang, "Nature-Inspired Optimization Algorithms", 1st Edition, Elsevier, 2014.

2. Omid Bozorg- Haddad, "Advanced Optimization by Nature-Inspired Algorithms", Volume 720, 1st edition, Springer, 2018.

3. Srikanta Patnaik, Xin-She Yang, Kazumi Nakamatsu, "Nature-Inspired Computing and Optimization Theory and Applications", 1st Edition ,Springer Series, 2017.

COUR On co	BT Mapped (Highest Level)	
CO1:	apply the basic concepts of optimization techniques	Applying (K3)
CO2:	identify the parameter which is to be optimized for an application	Analyzing (K4)
CO3:	analyze and develop mathematical model of different swarm optimization algorithms	Analyzing (K4)
CO4:	select suitable optimization algorithm for a real time application	Analyzing (K4)
CO5:	examine and recommend solutions for optimization based applications	Analyzing (K4)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs								
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		
CO1	3	1				2		
CO2	3	2	1					
CO3	3	3	2	2				
CO4	3	3	2		3			
CO5	3	3	2			2		
1 – Slight	, 2 – Moderate, 3 –	Substantial, BT-	Bloom's Taxonom	/				

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY									
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %		
CAT 1	16	50	17	17			100		
CAT 2	10	33	24	33			100		
CAT 3	10	33	32	25			100		
ESE	5	21	38	36			100		

20MIE21 - REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Machine Learning	4	PE	3	0	0	3

 Preamble
 This course will provide a solid introduction to the field of reinforcement learning and explore the core challenges and approaches, including generalization and exploration with reinforcement learning algorithms.

 Unit – I
 Introduction :
 9

Reinforcement Learning – Examples-Elements of Reinforcement Learning – Limitations and Scope – Multi –armed Bandits : A k-armed Bandit Problem - Action-value Methods - The 10-armed Testbed - Incremental Implementation - Tracking a Non-stationary Problem - Optimistic Initial Values - Gradient Bandit Algorithms

Unit - II Finite Markov Decision processes :

The Agent – Environment Interface - Goals and Rewards - Returns and Episodes - Unified Notation for Episodic and Continuing Tasks - Policies and Value Functions - **Dynamic programming**: Policy Evaluation (Prediction) - Policy Improvement - Policy Iteration - Value Iteration -Asynchronous Dynamic Programming - Generalized Policy Iteration

Unit - III Monte carlo methods :

Monte Carlo Prediction - Monte Carlo Estimation of Action Values - Monte Carlo Control - Monte Carlo Control without Exploring Starts - Off-policy Prediction via Importance Sampling -Incremental Implementation - Off-policy Monte Carlo Control - **Temporal Difference Learning:** TD Prediction - Advantages of TD Prediction Methods - Optimality of TD(0) - Sarsa: On-policy TD Control -Q-learning: Off-policy TD Control

Unit - IV n-step Bootstrapping :

n-step Sarsa - n-step Off-policy Learning - n-step Tree Backup Algorithm - **Planning and Learning with Tabular Methods** : Models and Planning – Dyna - Integrated Planning, Acting, and Learning - Prioritized Sweeping - Expected vs. Sample Updates -Trajectory Sampling - Real-time Dynamic Programming - Planning at Decision Time - Heuristic Search - Rollout Algorithms -Monte Carlo Tree Search

Unit - V On-policy Prediction with Approximation :

Value-function Approximation - The Prediction Objective (VE) - Stochastic-gradient and Semi-gradient Methods - Linear Methods - Feature Construction for Linear Methods -Selecting Step - Size Parameters Manually - On-policy Control with Approximation: Episodic Semi-gradient Control - Semi-gradient n-step Sarsa - Average Reward: A New Problem Setting for Continuing Tasks -Policy Gradient Methods

REFERENCES:

1. Sutton, Barto ,"Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction", The MIT Press, 2nd Edition, 2018.

2. Marco Wiering, Martijn van Otterlo , "Reinforcement Learning: State-of-the-Art (Adaptation, Learning and Optimization)", Volume-12, Springer, 2012.

Total: 45

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COUR On co	SE OUTCOMES: mpletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	describe the key features of reinforcement learning that distinguishes it from AI and non-interactive machine learning and apply for an application	Applying(K3)
CO2:	devise an appropriate solution for the given RL problem	Applying(K3)
CO3:	Implement common RL algorithms	Applying(K3)
CO4:	Use performance metrics based on multiple criteria to evaluate RL algorithms	Applying(K3)
CO5:	Make use of Stochastic –gradient and Semi –gradient methods for On – policy Prediction and Control	Applying(K3)

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs										
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6				
CO1	3	2			2					
CO2	3	2	1			2				
CO3	3	2	1							
CO4	3	2		1						
CO5	3	2								
1 – Slight	. 2 – Moderate. 3 -	- Substantial, BT- I	Bloom's Taxonom	/						

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	40	30	30				100			
CAT 2	30	30	40				100			
CAT 3	30	40	30				100			
ESE	40	30	30				100			

20MIE22 - SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKING

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	Т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Operating Systems, Data Structures and Algorithms, Computer Networks	4	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble Provides insight on basics of software defined networking and how it is changing the way communications networks are managed, maintained, and secured. Unit – I Introduction to SDN: 9

Traditional switch Architecture, Autonomous and Dynamic Forwarding Table, Why SDN?, The Genesis of SDN, How SDN works, The OpenFlow Specification, OpenFlow 1.0 and OpenFlow Basics, OpenFlow 1.1 and OpenFlow 1.3

Unit - II SDN application in Data Center:

SDN in the Data Center, SDN Use Cases in the Data Center, Open SDN versus Overlays in the Data Center, SDN in other Environments, SDN Applications, SDN Open Source, Switch Implementation, Controller Implementation, SDN Futures

Unit - III SDN control plane:

Distributed Control plane, Centralized Control plane, OpenFlow, SDN Controllers, Network Programmability, Data Center concepts and constructs, The Virtualized Multitenant Data Center, SDN solution for Data Center Network

Unit - IV SDN and NFV:

Network Function Virtualization, Virtualization and Data plane I/O, Service Locations and Chaining, Network Topology and Topological Information Abstraction, Building an SDN Framework, IETF SDN Frameworks, Open Daylight Controller/Framework

Unit - V SDN use cases:

Use cases for Bandwidth Scheduling, Manipulation and calendaring, Data Center Overlays, Big Data and Network Function Virtualization, Input Traffic Monitoring, Classification, and Triggered Actions.

REFERENCES:

Total: 45

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1.	Paul Goransson, Chuck Black, Morgan Kaufmann, "Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach", 1st edition, 2014.
2.	Thomas D. Nadeau, Ken Gray, "SDN: Software Defined Networks, An Authoritative Review of Network Programmability Technologies", 1st edition, O'Reilly Media, 2013.

3. Vivek Tiwari, "SDN and OpenFlow for Beginners", 1st edition, Amazon Digital Services Inc., ASIN 2013.

COUR On co	COURSE OUTCOMES:BT MappedOn completion of the course, the students will be able to(Highest Leve		
CO1:	describe the evolution and motivation of Software Defined Networks	Understanding (K2)	
CO2:	discuss the role of SDN in data center environment	Understanding (K2)	
CO3:	examine the data plane and control plane of SDN	Analyzing (K4)	
CO4:	model SDN controllers for various applications	Applying (K3)	
CO5:	summarize the use cases of SDN	Understanding (K2)	

	Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs										
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6					
CO1	3	1		2							
CO2	2	1		3							
CO3	3	3	2	3							
CO4	3	2		3							
CO5	3	1		2		2					
1 – Slight	, 2 – Moderate, 3 –	Substantial, BT-	Bloom's Taxonom	/							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	50	50					100			
CAT 2	35	35	30				100			
CAT 3	30	30	40				100			
ESE	30	30	40				100			

20MIE23 - QUANTUM INFORMATION AND QUANTUM COMPUTING

Programme & Branch	M.TECH. & Information Technology	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit
Prerequisites	Linear Algebra, Theory of Computation	4	PE	3	0	0	3

Preamble	Provide an insight of basic of quantum physics from a computer scientist's perspective, and how it describes reality and understand the philosophical implications of quantum computing						
Unit – I	Qubit and Quantum States:	9					
The Qubit- Vector Spaces - Linear Combination Of Vectors - Uniqueness of a spanning set - basis & dimensions - inner Products – orthonormality - gram-schmidt orthogonalization - bra-ket formalism - the Cauchy-schwarez and triangle Inequalities.							
Unit - II	Matrices and Operators:	9					

Observables - The Pauli Operators - Outer Products - The Closure Relation - Representation of operators using matrices - outer products & matrix representation - matrix representation of operators in two dimensional spaces - Pauli Matrix - Hermitian unitary and normal operator - Eigen values and Eigen Vectors - Spectral Decomposition - Trace of an operator – important properties of Trace - Expectation Value of Operator - Projection Operator - Positive Operators.

Unit - III Tensor Products:

Representing Composite States in Quantum Mechanics - Computing inner products - Tensor products of column vectors - operators and tensor products of Matrices.

Unit - IV Density Operator:

Density Operator of Pure and Mix state - Key Properties - Characterizing Mixed State - Practical Trace and Reduce Density Operator - Density Operator and Bloch Vector.

Unit - V Quantum Measurement Theory:

Distinguishing Quantum states and Measures - Projective Measurements - Measurement on Composite systems - Generalized Measurements - Positive Operator-Valued Measures.

REFERENCES:

David McMahon, "Quantum Computing Explained", 1st edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2008.
 Zdzislaw Meglicki, "Quantum Computing Without Magic: Devices", 2nd edition, The MIT Press, 2008.

Marco Lanzagorta, Jeffrey Uhlmann, "Quantum Computer Science", 1st edition, Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2012.

4. Phillip Kaye, Raymond Laflamme, Michele Mosca, "An Introduction to Quantum Computing", 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2007.

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Total: 45

COUR On co	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	explain qubit and quantum states	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	identify various operation that can be done using operators and matrices	Understanding (K2)
CO3:	apply Tensor product and density operator to various operation	Applying (K3)
CO4:	implement the principles of density operator for solving problems	Applying (K3)
CO5:	summarize quantum measurement theory	Understanding (K2)

	Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs										
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6					
CO1	1		3	2		2					
CO2	1	2	2		1	3					
CO3	2		3	1	2	2					
CO4	2	1	3		2	2					
CO5	1		3		2						
1 – Slight	, 2 – Moderate, 3 –	Substantial, BT-	Bloom's Taxonom	V							

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY										
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %			
CAT 1	50	50					100			
CAT 2	35	35	30				100			
CAT 3	30	30	40				100			
ESE	30	30	40				100			

20MIE24 -KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION AND REASONING

Programme & Branch		M.TECH. & Information Technology Sem. Category L						Credit	
Prerequisit	es	Discrete Mathematics, Artificial Intelligence	4	PE	3	0	0	3	
Preamble	A compr can be context o	rehensive understanding of Artificial Intelligence and build represented symbolically, and how automated reasoning of Knowledge Engineering.	intellige procedu	ent behavior to ures can make	o show e Intellig	how thi gent Sy	is knov stems	wledge in the	
Unit – I	Introduction:								
Intelligent A Satisfaction	gents - Pi Problems	roblem Solving - Solving Problems by Searching - Beyond (s.	Classica	al Search - Adv	/ersaria	Searc	n - Cor	nstraint	
Unit - II	Knowlee	dge and Reasoning:						9	
Logical Age	nts - First	Order Logic - Inference in First Order Logic - Knowledge R	epreser	ntation.					
Unit - III	Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning:								
Quantifying Decisions.	Uncertair	ty-Probabilistic Reasoning - Probabilistic Reasoning over T	īme - №	laking Simple	Decisio	ns -Mał	king Co	omplex	
Unit - IV	Init - IV Object Oriented Representation:							9	

Object-Oriented Representation - Frame Formalism - Structured Descriptions - Meaning and Entailment - Taxonomies and Classification - Inheritance

Unit - V Actions and Planning:

Actions - The Situation Calculus - Frame Problem - Complex Actions - Planning - The STRIPS Representation - Planning as a Reasoning Task - Hierarchical and Conditional Planning

REFERENCES:

1. Russell Stuart, Norvig Peter, "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009.

 Ronald Brachman, Hector Levesque, "Knowledge Representation and Reasoning", 1st Edition, The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Artificial Intelligence, 2004.

3. Arthur B. Markman, "Knowledge Representation", 1st Edition, Lawrence Erlbaum Associates, Reprint 2008.

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Total: 45

COUR On co	SE OUTCOMES: npletion of the course, the students will be able to	BT Mapped (Highest Level)
CO1:	provide a strong foundation of fundamental concepts in Artificial Intelligence	Understanding (K2)
CO2:	discover different search strategies for a problem	Understanding (K2)
CO3:	get familiar with the various applications of AI techniques in Intelligent Systems	Applying (K3)
CO4:	analyze different knowledge representation schemes for typical AI problems	Analyzing (K4)
CO5:	evaluate a typical AI problem to be solved using machine learning techniques	Evaluating (K5)

	Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs											
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6						
CO1	2	2	3	3	3	3						
CO2	3		3	2	3	2						
CO3	3		3	3	3	2						
CO4	3		3	2	2	3						
CO5	3		3	3	2	3						
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy												

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY											
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %				
CAT 1	15	30	55				100				
CAT 2	15	30	55				100				
CAT 3	15	30	55				100				
ESE	15	30	55				100				

20GET13 - INNOVATION, ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND VENTURE DEVELOPMENT

Programme & Branch		All ME/MTech, MCA Programmes	Sem.	Category	L	т	Р	Credit		
Prerequisite		Nil	4	PE	3	0	0	3		
Preamble This course will direct the students on how to employ their innovations towards a successful er development.						entrepre	neurial	venture		
UNIT – I	Innovat	Innovation and Entrepreneurship: 9								
Creativity and of entreprene vs Intraprene	d Innovat eurship - urship	tion – Types of innovation – challenges in innovation- steps Role of Entrepreneurship in Economic Development - Fac	s in inn ctors aff	ovation manag ecting Entrepre	ement- eneursh	Meanir nip – Er	ng and htreprei	concept neurship		

UNIT – II Design Thinking and Product Design:

Design Thinking and Entrepreneurship – Design Thinking Stages: Empathize – Define – Ideate – Prototype – Test. Design thinking tools: Analogies – Brainstorming – Mind mapping. Techniques and tools for concept generation, concept evaluation – Product architecture –Minimum Viable Product (MVP)- Product prototyping – tools and techniques– overview of processes and materials – evaluation tools and techniques for user-product interaction

UNIT – III Business Model Canvas (BMC) and Business Plan Preparation:

Lean Canvas and BMC - difference and building blocks- BMC: Patterns – Design – Strategy – Process–Business model failures: Reasons and remedies. Objectives of a Business Plan - Business Planning Process and Preparation

UNIT – IV IPR and Commercialization:

Need for Intellectual Property- Basic concepts - Different Types of IPs: Copy Rights, Trademarks, Patents, Geographical Indications, Trade Secrets and Industrial Design- Patent Licensing - Technology Commercialization - Innovation Marketing

UNIT – V Venture Planning and Means of Finance:

Startup Stages - Forms of Business Ownership - Sources of Finance – Idea Grant – Seed Fund – Angel & Venture Fund – Institutional Support to Entrepreneurs – Bank and Institutional Finance to Entrepreneurs

REFERENCES:

Total: 45

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1. Gordon E. & Natarajan K., "Entrepreneurship Development", 6th Edition, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2017.

2. Sangeeta Sharma, "Entrepreneurship Development", 1st Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.

 Charantimath Poornima M., "Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprises", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, Noida, 2018.

4. Robert D. Hisrich, Michael P. Peters & Dean A. Shepherd, "Entrepreneurship", 10th Edition, McGraw Hill, Noida, 2018.

COUR On cor	COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to					
CO1:	understand the relationship between innovation and entrepreneurship	Understanding (K2)				
CO2:	understand and employ design thinking process during product design and development	Analysing (K4)				
CO3:	develop suitable business models as per the requirement of the customers	Analysing (K4)				
CO4:	Practice the procedures for protection of their ideas' IPR	Applying (K3)				
CO5:	understand and plan for suitable type of venture and modes of finances	Applying (K3)				

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	1				3	2	1	3	2		1	1	
CO2	1	2			3	2	1						1	
CO3	3	1	3			1							1	
CO4	1	2				3							1	
CO5	1	2				3							1	
1 _ Slight 2 _	Slight 2 Moderate 3 Substantial RT. Bloom's Tayonomy													

 Moderate, 3 – Substantial, BT- Bloom's Taxonomy Slight, 2 1

ASSESSMENT PATTERN - THEORY											
Test / Bloom's Category*	Remembering (K1) %	Understanding (K2) %	Applying (K3) %	Analyzing (K4) %	Evaluating (K5) %	Creating (K6) %	Total %				
CAT1	40	40	20				100				
CAT2	30	40	30				100				
CAT3	30	45	25				100				
ESE	30	40	30				100				